CLETHODIM GROUP

HERBICIDE

# TIGRIS<sup>™</sup> PS CLETHODIM

# HERBICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	By Wt.
*Clethodim	. 26.4%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	73.6%
TOTAL:	100.0%
Contains Petroleum Distillates	

\*(E)-2-[I[((3-chloro-2-propenyl)-oxy)imino]propyl]-5-[2-(ethylthio)propyl]-3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexen-1-one Contains 2.0 lbs. clethodim per gallon.

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING - AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

# FIRST AID

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated doching. Brinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately contal poison control center or doctor. DO NOT induce womiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. DO NOT give anylting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. DO NOT give anylting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. IN NOT induce, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

HOTLINE NUMBERS: Have the product container or lobel with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For emergency information concerning this product, call the National Pesticides Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378, Mon.-Fri. 8:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. Pacific Time or your poison control center at 1-800-222-1222.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Ingestion of this product or subsequent vomiting can result in aspiration of light hydrocarbon liquid, which can cause pneumonitis. If ingested, probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

See label booklet for complete Precautionary Statements, Directions For Use, and Storage and Disposal.

EPA Reg. No.: 92647-31 EPA Est. No.: 70989-M0-001 (0S) 05905-IA-001 (HD) Letter(s) in the lot number correspond to letter(s) following the EPA Est. No.



Manufactured For: Tigris, LLC P.O. Box 250 10025 Hwy. 264 Alternate Middlesex. NC 27557



# Net Contents: 2.5 Gallons

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

#### WARNING

Causes substantial but temporary eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin. DO NOT get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

# Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves including Barrier Laminate or Viton > 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

#### **USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS**

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. DO NOT reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

## Users should:

- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- · Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

# ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. DO NOT apply where runoff is likely to occur. DO NOT apply where weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinsate.

The use of this product may pose a hazard to the federally designated endangered species of Solano Grass and Wild Rice. Use of this product is prohibited in the following areas where the species are known to exist:

- · Solano Grass: Solano County, California: the vernal lakes are bounded by the Union Pacific Railroad and Hastings Road to the north, Highway 113 to the east, Highway 12 to the south, and Travis Air Force Base to the west.
- Wild Rice: Hays County, Texas.

#### NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY

This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated area. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

Combustible. DO NOT use or store near heat or open flame.

# **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

#### READ THE ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

## AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 GRP Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, including plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves including Barrier Laminate or Viton ≥ 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this bax apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forest, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas, or vicinity where there may be drift. DO NOT enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

#### RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Tigris PS Clethodim contains dethodim and is classified in the cyclohexanedione chemical group as a Group I herbicide, ACCase inhibitors. Herbicide resistance is defined as the inherited ability of a plant to survive and reproduce following exposure to a dose of herbicide normally lethal to the wild type. In a plant, resistance may be naturally occurring or induced by such techniques as genetic engineering or selection of variants produced by tissue culture or mutagenesis. Any weed population may contain or develop plants that are naturally resistant to Tigris PS Clethodim and other Group I herbicides. Weed species with acquired resistance to Group I herbicides may eventually dominate the weed population if Group I herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by Tigris PS Clethodim or other Group I herbicides.

To delay herbicide resistance take one or more of the following steps:

- Plant into weed-free fields and keep fields as weed-free, as possible.
- To the extent possible, use a diversified approach toward weed management. Whenever possible, incorporate multiple weed-control practices such as mechanical cultivation, biological management practices, and crop rotation.
- · Fields with difficult to control weeds should be rotated to crops that allow the use of herbicides with alternative mechanisms of action or different management practices.
- To the extent possible, DO NOT allow weed escapes to produce seeds, roots, or tubers. Manage weed seeds at harvest and post-harvest to prevent a buildup of the weed seed-bank.
- Prevent field-to-field and within-field movement of weed seed or vegetative propagules. Thoroughly clean plant residues from equipment before leaving fields.
- · Prevent an influx of weeds into the field by managing field borders.
- · Identify weeds present in the field through scouting and field history and understand their biology. The weed-control program should consider all of the weeds present.
- · Difficult to control weeds may require sequential applications of herbicides with differing mechanisms of action.
- Apply this herbicide at the correct timing and rate needed to control the most difficult weed in the field.
- Use a broad-spectrum soil-applied herbicide with a mechanism of action that differs from this product as a foundation in a weed-control program. DO NOT use more than 2 applications of this or any other herbicide with the same
  mechanism of action within a single growing season unless mixed with an herbicide with another mechanism of action with an overlapping spectrum for the difficult-to-control weeds.
- Report any incidence of non-performance of this product against a particular weed species to your Tigris, LLC retailer, representative or call (252) 235-0043.
- Monitor treated weed populations for loss of field efficacy.
- · Scout field(s) before and after application.

Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species.

Contact your local sales representative, extension agent, or certified crop advisors to find out if suspected resistant weeds to this MOA have been found in your region. If resistant biotypes of target weeds have been reported, use the application rates of this product specified for your local conditions. Tank mix products so that there are multiple effective mechanisms of action for each target weed.

#### TANK MIXES

NOTICE: It is the pesticide use's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Those concerns may include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Geographic restrictions all products are not registered for use in all areas and rates may vary from one region of labeled use to another;
- 2. Crop rotation restrictions;
- 3. Applicator certification requirements;
- 4. Worker safety rules (including protective clothing, reentry time, posting);
- 5. Soil type or soil characteristics (including pH, OM);
- 6. Maximum dosage or number of applications per year:
- 7. Rain free period required; or
- 8. Application timing (including pre-harvest interval).
- 9. DO NOT exceed the total yearly rates.

#### PRODUCT INFORMATION

#### RESTRICTIONS

- Long Island, New York: DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. of Tigris PS Clethodim (0.25 lb. a.i.) per acre per season.
- DO NOT apply if rain is expected within 1 hour of application as control may be unsatisfactory.
- DO NOT apply a post-emergence broadleaf herbicide within 1 day following application of Tigris PS Clethodim or reduced grass control may result.
- D0 N0T apply under conditions of stress. Applying Tigris PS dethodim under conditions that do not promote active grass growth will reduce herbicide effectiveness. These conditions include drought, excessive water, extremes in
  temperature, low humidity and grasses either partially controlled or stanted from prior pesticide applications. Grasses under these kinds of stressful conditions will not absorb and translocate Tigris PS Clethodim effectively, and
  will be less susceptible to herbicide activity.
- D0 N0T allow Tigris PS Clethodim to come in contact with desirable grass crops including corm, rice, sorghum, small grains, or turf, as these and other grass crops will be injured or killed. Minor leaf spotting may occur on treated plants
  under certain environmental conditions. New foliage is not affected.
- · Aerial applications for all tree fruits and tree nuts uses are prohibited.
- · DO NOT use Tigris PS Clethodim on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.

#### ROTATIONAL RESTRICTION

DO NOT plant rotational crops until 30 days after application of Tigris PS Clethodim unless the crop is listed on Tigris PS Clethodim label.

#### PRECAUTIONS

- Grass crops including corn, rice, sorghum, small grains, or turf, etc. are highly sensitive to Tigris PS Clethodim.
- · Tigris PS Clethodim is a selective post-emergence herbicide for control of annual and perennial grasses.
- Tigris PS Clethodim does not control sedges or broadleaf weeds.
- Optimal perennial grass control can be obtained if hizomes or stolons are cut up by pre-plant tillage practices, (discing, plowing, etc.) to stimulate maximum emergence of grass shoots. Cultural practices, including continuous no-tillage in which the perennial grass thizomes or stolons are not cut up, result in a very staggered, non-uniform weed emergence. Due to this non-uniform weed emergence, no fewer than 2 Tigris PS Clethodim applications per year are specified at the appropriate weed-grawth stage rate under continuous no-till conditions.
- While all the vegetable crops on this label have been tested for crop safety with Tigris PS Clethodim, not all specialty varieties of these crops have been tested. It is advised that, before applying Tigris PS Clethodim to specialty varieties of vegetable crops on this label, first apply a small section of the field to evaluate potential injury. Injury symptoms may appear as leaf speckling or stunting.
- It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users
  must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precoutionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.
- Tank mixes of Tigris PS Clethodim and broadleaf herbicides may result in reduced grass control. If grass regrowth occurs, an additional application of Tigris PS Clethodim may be necessary. AVOID SPRAY DRIFT.
- Repeated use of Tigris PS Clethodim (or similar post-emergence grass herbicides with the same mode of action) may lead to the selection of naturally occurring biotypes that are resistant to these products in some grass species.
- If poor performance occurs and cannot be attributed to adverse weather or application conditions, a resistant biotype may be present. This is most likely to occur in fields where other control strategies including crop rotation, mechanical removal, and other classes of herbicides are not used from year to year.

#### APPLICATION INFORMATION

#### **Control Symptoms**

Treated grass weeds show a reduction in vigor and growth. Early chlorosis/necrosis of younger plant tissue is followed by a progressive collapse of the remaining foliage. Symptoms will generally be observed in 7 to 14 days after application, depending on grass species treated and environmental conditions.

#### **Timing of Applications**

Apply Tigris S Clethodim post-emergence to actively growing grasses according to rate table instructions. Applications made to grass plants stressed by insufficient moisture, or hot or cold temperatures, or to grass plants exceeding listed growth stages may result in unsatisfactory control. DO NOT apply under these conditions.

In arid regions where irrigation is used to supplement limited rainfall, Tigris PS Clethodim must be applied as soon as possible, after irrigation (within 7 days). In arid regions, a second application of Tigris PS Clethodim will generally provide more effective control of perennial grass weeds than a single application. Make second application to actively growing grass 2 to 3 weeks after emergence of new growth.

Cultivation of treated grasses7 days prior to or within 7 days after application of Tigris PS Clethodim may reduce weed control. DO NOT APPLY Tigris PS Clethodim if rainfall is expected within 1 hour, since control may be reduced.

# ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE

CROP	ADJUVANT USE INSTRUCTIONS			
Alfalfa, Cotton, Legume Vegetables (Succulent & Dried) – Crop Group 6,	Always use a crop oil concentrate* at 1.0 qt/A by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt/A) in the finished spray volume by air.			
Peanuts (including perennial), Potato, Soybean, Sugar Beet, and Sunflower – Subgroup 208.	1 to 2 qts/A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (25 to 4.0 lbs/A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to <b>Tigris PS Clethodim</b> applications, in addition to the specified rate of arop oil concentrate. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.			
Artichoke (Globe), Berry (low-growing) – Subgroup 13-07G (except	Always use a crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v in the finished spray volume unless tank mix instructions indicate otherwise.			
cranberry), Brassiae Head & Stem Yegetables – Crop Group 5–16, Brassiaa Leafy Greens – Subgroup 3–106, Bushberry – Subgroup 13–018, Canaberry – Subgroup 13–010 (except Clanola, Claver, Cranberry, Hax, Fruith Yegetables – Group 8–10 (except Clara and Tomato), Garden Beet, Herks – Subgroup 19A, Hops, Leafy Greens – Subgroup 4–16A, Leaf Petioles Yegetable – Subgroup 3–07A, Onion (Green) – Subgroup 3–07B, Peppermint and Spearmint tops, Pome Fruit – Crop Group 11–10, Radish, Rapesced – Subgroup 22A (except Hax seed), Rot Vegetables – Subgroup 18 (except sugar beet), Saflower, Supark, Green – Subgroup 98, Stalk and Stem Vegetable – Subgroup 22A, Stevia (dried leaves), Stone Fruit – Crop Group 12–12, Tuberous and Carm Vegetable – Subgroup 18, and Tee Nuts – Crop Group 14–12	Addition of liquid fertilizer is not advised for these crops.			
Non-Bearing Food Crops, Ornamental Plants	Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% octive ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v). Use of crop oil concentrate is not advised since it may injure flowers and foliage.			
Conifer Trees, Fallow Land (and other non-producing agricultural areas), and Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas	Always use a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier at 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt/A) in the finished spray volume.			

\*Acceptable grap oil concentrates would be those that contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be nonphytotaxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality, and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils.

#### **Ground Application**

Use of sufficient spray volumes and pressure is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 5 gals, and a maximum of 40 gals, of spray solution per acre. Under the following conditions a minimum of 10 gals, per acre is required. Ultra-narrow row cotton, narrow row soybeans, broadled herbicide tank mixes, perennial grasses, volunteer corn, drought or stress conditions, heavy grass pressure or when grasses are at or near maximum height. Failure to use a minimum of 10 gals, per acre is required. When a minimum of 10 gals, per acre is required. We may acre stress conditions, heavy grass pressure or when grasses are at or near maximum height. Failure to use a minimum of 10 gals, per acre is required. We may acre stress conditions, heavy grass pressure or when grasses are at or near maximum height. Failure to use a minimum of 10 gals, per acre under these conditions can result in poor coverage and reduced grass control requiring repeat applications. Spray pressures must reflect a minimum of 30 PSI and a maximum of 60 PSI at the nozele. DO MOT usefload nozeles.

Applications to onions (dry bulbs and green), garlic, and shallots (dry bulbs and green) must be made in a minimum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre.

#### **Air Application**

Use a minimum of 3 gals. of spray solution per acre unless otherwise directed in this label. Increase spray volumes up to 10 gals. as grass or crop folioge becomes dense. **Restriction:** For onions (dry bulbs and green), gorlic, or shallots (dry bulbs and green). When opplying by air **DO NOT** exceed 8 (1. oz / A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) in a single application. In California, air applications to onions, garlic or shallots must be made in a minimum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre. In states other than California, air application to onions, garlic, or shallots must be made in a minimum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre.

#### NOTE: Crop injury may occur when Tigris PS Clethodim is applied to onions, garlic, or shallots with aerial equipment.

#### Spot Treatment

When using hand sprayers or high-volume sprayers utilizing handguns, mix 1/4% to 1/2% (0.33 oz to 0.65 oz per gal) Tigris PS Clethodim and treat to wet vegetation, while not allowing runoff of spray solution. For uses requiring crop oil concentrate, include crop oil concentrate at 1% (13 oz, per gal) by volume. For uses requiring non-ionic surfactant, include non-ionic surfactant at 1/4% (0.33 oz, per gal) by volume.

#### NOTE: If Tigris PS Clethodim is applied as a spot treatment, care must be taken to not exceed the maximum rate allowed on a "per acre" basis or crop injury may occur.

#### CHEMIGATION – ONION (Dry Bulb and Green) AND GARLIC SPRINKLER IRRIGATION APPLICATION

Only apply Tigris PS Clethodim by chemigation to Onions (dry bulb and green) and Garlic Crops.

May be applied to onions and garlic by sprinkler irrigation systems.

Apply Tigris PS Clethodim at the high rate specified for annual grasses (16 fl. oz. per acre (0.25 lb. a.i.)) when the grass height is at the low end of the range (application to larger grasses may not provide adequate control). Add a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier at 1 quart per acre.

Apply Tigris PS Clethodim in 01 to 0.2 acre-inch of water either at the end of a regular irrigation set or as a separate application not associated with a regular irrigation using the least amount of water that provides proper distribution and coverage. Application of more than label specified quantities of irrigation water per acre may result in decreased product performance by removing the chemical from the zone of effectiveness. Use a metering device to inject the **Tigris** PS Clehodim into the irrigation water at a constant flow. Constant ogitation must be maintained in the chemical supply tank during the entire period of herbicide application. Inject the product with a positive displacement pump into the main line achead of a right angle turn to ensure adequate maintain for all lines to flush the herbicide through all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. To ensure the lines are flushed and free of remaining herbicide, a dye indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

#### PRECAUTIONS

- · Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, travelers, big gun, solid set, or hand move.
- · Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop may result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- · If you have any questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

#### RESTRICTIONS

- · DO NOT apply Tigris PS Clethodim by chemigation in the states of Idaho, Montana, Oregon, and Washington.
- DO NOT apply this product through any irrigation system connected to a public water system. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption, if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- DO NOT apply by chemigation to any other crop, or to this crop using any other type of irrigation system.
- DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system (i.e., Public Irrigation System).
- DO NOT connect to an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the label-prescribed safety devices for public water supplies are in place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under supervision of the responsible person, must shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- · The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn
  from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, including a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with
  a system interlock.
- · DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

#### MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT

## **Aerial Applications:**

- DO NOT release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- · Applicators are required to use a coarse or coarser droplet size (ASABE S.572.1).
- The boom length must not exceed 65% of the wingspan for airplanes or 75% of the rotor blade diameter for helicopters.
- Applications must use 1/2 swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Nozzles must be oriented so the spray is directed towards the back of the aircraft.
- DO NOT apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- DO NOT apply during temperatures inversions.

# Ground Boom Applications:

- · Apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy. For all other ground applications, the nozzle must be no more than 3 feet from the target vegetation.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE \$572.1).
- DO NOT apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- · DO NOT apply during temperature inversions.

#### SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

#### IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

### Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom

- Volume Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- · Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using a nozzle designed to reduce drift.

#### Control Droplet Size - Aircraft

· Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturer's recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

#### BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom

For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

#### RELEASE HEIGHT – Aircraft

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

#### SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

#### TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

#### TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with titude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves yourd and rapidly dissignates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

#### WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

#### PRODUCT LIMITATIONS

Optimal perennial grass control can be obtained if hizomes or stolons are cut up by pre-plant tillage practices, (discing, plowing, etc.) to stimulate maximum emergence of grass shoots. Cultural practices, including continuous no-tillage in which the perennial grass thizomes or stolons are not cut up, result in a very staggered, non-uniform weed emergence. Due to this non-uniform weed emergence, no fewer than 2 Tigris PS Clethodim applications per year are advised at the appropriate weed-growth stage rate under continuous no-till conditions.

Grass crops including corn, rice, sorghum, small grains, or turf, etc. are highly sensitive to Tigris PS Clethodim.

While all the vegetable crops on this label have been tested and are resistant to Tigris PS Clethodim, not all specialty varieties of these crops have been tested. It is advised that, before applying Tigris PS Clethodim to specialty varieties of vegetable crops on this label, crop resistance be investigated first using a small section of the field. It is possible that injury symptoms can accur. Symptoms may appear as leaf speckling or stunting.

Always read and follow the restrictions and limitations for all products whether used alone or in a tank mix. The most restrictive labeling of any product used applies in tank mixtures, including all crop rotational and other crop restrictions.

Tank mixes of Tigris PS Clethodim and broadleaf herbicides may result in reduced grass control. If grass regrowth occurs, an additional application of Tigris PS Clethodim may be necessary. AVOID SPRAY DRIFT.

Crops(1)	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre(2)	Special Use Instructions
Alfalfa including: Sainfoin Holy Clover Birdsfoot Trefoil <sup>(3)</sup>	15 days before grazing, feeding or harvesting (autting) for forage or hay	6-16 fl. oz. <sup>(A)</sup> (0.094-0.25 lb. ai/A)	1 qt by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air.(5)	Refer to tank mix partners for feeding, grazing, and harvesting restrictions. <sup>(5)</sup> The addition of ANS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, thizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild acts, volunteer coreals, and volunteer corn. <b>Restrictions:</b> • DD NOT onpely more than 16 fl. az/A (025 lb. a.i/A) per application. • DD NOT make more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. az. (0.094-0.125 lb. ai/A), or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 oz. fl. (0.25 lb. a.i/A) per acre per year. • DD NOT apply more than 24. / A (05 lb. id.) Per year. • DD NOT apply <b>Tigris PS Clethodim</b> plus 2/4-08 as a tank mix to alfalfa unless the 60 day feeding grazing, and harvesting restriction on the 2/4-08 lobel can be observed. • For repeat conflications, make on a minimum of 14-day interval.
Artichoke (Globe)	5 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0125 lb. a.i./A)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Tor repeat applications, make and minimized H+-aug miceval.     Bestrictions:     Do NOT apply more than 8 fl. az/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) in a single application.     Do NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.5 lb. a.i/A) per year.     Tor repeat applications, make an a minimum of a lk-day interval.
Bean, Dry except Soybean [Dried Shelled Pea and Bean (except soybean) Subgroup 6C] including: Bean ( <i>Lupinus</i> spp.) Grint, Sweet, White, White Sweet Bean ( <i>Phaseolus</i> spp.) Field, Kidney, Lima (dry), Navy, Pinto, Tepory Bean ( <i>Vignas</i> spp.) Adzuki Bean, Black-eyed Pea, Catjang, Cowpea, Crowder Pea, Math Bean, Mung Bean, Rice Bean, Southern Pea, Urd Bean, Broad (dry), Chickpea (garbanzo), Guar, Lablab Bean, Lentil	30 days	6-16 fl. vz. (0.094-0.25 lb. a.i./A)	1 qt by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt/A) by air.(5)	The addition of AKS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizame Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn. <b>Restrictions:</b> • DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. az/A (0.25 lb. a.i/A) per application. • DO NOT apply more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. az. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i/A), or 2 applications at 16 fl. az/A (0.25 lb. a.i/A) per year. • DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.25 lb. a.i/A) per year. • For Reduced Rate Control for Small Annual Grasses: DO NOT make more than 8 applications at 4 fl. az/A (0.0625 lb. a.i/A) per year. • For repeat applications, make an a minimum of a 14-day interval. Refer to the DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.
Bean, Succulent Shelled [Succulent Shelled Pea and Bean Subgroup 6B] including: Bean (Phaseolus spp.) Broad Bean (succulent), Lima Bean (green) Bean (Vigna spp.) Black-eyed Pea, Cowpea, Southern Pea	21 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0125 lb. a.i./A)	1 qt by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt/A) by air.(5)	The addition of AVS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizame Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.           Restrictions:         • OD NOT apply more than 8 fl. az/A (0.125 lb. ai/A) per application.           • DD NOT apply more than 8 fl. az/A (0.125 lb. ai/A) per vapplication.           • DD NOT apply more than 8 fl. az/A (0.125 lb. ai/A) per vyear.           • DD NOT apply more than 1 application per acre per year.           • Tor Reduced Rate Control for Small Annual Grasses: DO NOT make more than 2 applications at 4 fl. az/A (0.0625 lb. ai/A) per year. For repeat applications, make on a minimum of al-day interval.           Refer to the DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.

1 DO NOT use Tigris PS Clethodim on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.

2 Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. See the ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE section for further information.

3 Tigris PS Clethodim may be applied to seedling or established alfalfa grown for seed, hay, silage, green crop, or direct grazing.

4 For weed control in established alfalfa and mint (peppermint and spearmint tops), the minimum use rate is 10 fl. oz./A (0.156 lb. a.i./A).

5 1 to 2qts/A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0,28%N, or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (25 to 4 lbs/A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to Tigris PS Clethodim applications, in addition to the specified rate of crop oil concentrate.

Crops(1)	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre(2)	Special Use Instructions
Beet, Garden	30 days	6-8 fl. 07.	1% v/v in the finished	Restrictions:
2000, 4414011	00 00/5	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i./A)	spray volume.	<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) in a single application.</li> </ul>
			1	<ul> <li>DO NOT make more than 4 applications per acre per year.</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz./A (0.500 lb. a.i./A) per year.</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</li> </ul>
Berry Low Growing (except Cranberry	45 days	4-8 fl. oz.	Non-lonic surfactant	Verify crop safety to Tigris PS Clethodim on a small area of the crop, at the desired Tigris PS
and Strawberry) [Subgroup 13-07G]		(0.0625-0.125 lb. a.i./A)	(NIS) at 0.25% v/v.	Clethodim rate and with the same non-ionic surfactant (NIS) that will be used on the field. If
including:				no crop response is evident 7 days after treatment, Tigris PS Clethodim may be used on the
Bearberry				entire field at the rate tested and with the same NIS used in the crop safety test.
Bilberry				Restrictions:
Blueberry, Lowbush				<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) per application.</li> </ul>
Cloudberry				DO NOT make more than 4 applications per acre per year.
Lingonberry				<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz./A (0.5 lb. a.i./A) per year.</li> </ul>
Muntries				<ul> <li>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</li> </ul>
Partridgeberry				
Brassica Head & Stem Vegetable [Crop	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished	Restrictions:
Group 5-16]		(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i./A)	spray volume.	<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) in a single application.</li> </ul>
including:				<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 4 applications per acre per year.</li> </ul>
Broccoli				<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz./A (0.500 lb. a.i./A) per year.</li> </ul>
Brussels Sprouts				<ul> <li>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</li> </ul>
Cabbage				
Cabbage, Chinese (Napa)				
Cauliflower				
Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these				
commodities.				

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<sup>2</sup> Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. See the **ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE** section for further information.

CKUP SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS FOR LIBRIS PS CLEIHODIM (CONCIL)				
Crops(1)	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre(2)	Special Use Instructions
Brassica Leafy Greens (except Radish Leaves; Turnip Greens and Watercress) [Subgroup 4-168] including: Arugula Broccoli Raab Cabbage, Abyssinian Cabbage, Abyssinian Cabbage, Chinese (Bok Chay) Cabbage, Chinese (Bok Chay) Cabbage, Chinese (Bok Chay) Cabbage, Seakle Calbage, Chinese (Bok Chay) Cabbage, Seakle Calbage, Seakle Maca (Leaves) Mizuna Mustard Greens Rape Greens Rocket, Wild Shepherd's Purse Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these commodities.	14 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0125 lb. ai./A)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Restrictions:           • D0 NOT apply more than 8 fl. ac/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) per application.           • D0 NOT apply more than 8 fl. ac/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) per applications, per acre per year.           • D0 NOT apply more than 8 fl. ac/A (0.51 lb. a.i/A) per year.           • D0 NOT apply more than 8 fl. ac/A (0.51 lb. a.i/A) per year.           • For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Bushberry [Subgroup 13-078] including: Aronia Berry Blueberry, Highbush Chileon Guova Cranberry, Highbush Currant, Buffalo Currant, Buffalo Currant, Rotike Currant, Red Elderberry European Barberry Gooseberry Honeysucki, Edible Huckleberry Jostaberry Jostaberry Saskatoon Berry Native Currant Salal Sea Buckhorn Cultivary, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	14 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0125 lb. a.i / A)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	<ul> <li>Apply at the base of the plant where grassy weeds are growing near the ground.</li> <li><b>Restrictions:</b> <ul> <li>DO NOT apply to Bushberry grown for root stack.</li> <li>DO NOT apply to Bushberry grown for root stack.</li> <li>DO NOT apply more than 81 ac/A(01251b.a:/A) in a single application.</li> <li>DO NOT apply more than 81 ac/A(01251b.a:/A) per year.</li> <li>DO NOT apply more than 81 ac/A(01251b.a:/A) per year.</li> </ul> </li> <li>DO NOT apply contentian 40 applications per are gree year.</li> <li>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</li> </ul>

<sup>1</sup> DO NOT use Tigris PS Clethodim on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.

<sup>2</sup> Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following ariteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. See the **ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE** section for further information.

Crops(1)	Minimum Time From	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate	Special Use Instructions
•	Application to Harvest (PHI)		Rates Per Acre(2)	
Caneberry [Subgroup 13-07A] includina:	7 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i./A)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Apply at the base of the plant where grassy weeds are growing near the ground.
Blackberry		(0.074-0.125 ID. 0.1./ A)	spray volume.	Restrictions:
Loganberry				• DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) in a single application.
Raspberry, Black				<ul> <li>D0 NOT apply more than 4 applications when using 8 fl. oz/A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) per year.</li> <li>D0 NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz/A (0.5 lb. a.i./A) per year.</li> </ul>
Raspberry, Red				DO NOT apply more than 32 ft. 02/A (U.S 10. 0.1./A) per year.     DO NOT apply to low growing berries.
Raspberry, Wild				DO NOT apply to low growing bernes.     DO NOT apply to Caneberry grown for root stock.
Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.				For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Canola (except flax seed, mustard	70 days	4-6 fl. 07.	1% v/v in the finished	Verify crop safety to <b>Tigris PS Clethodim</b> on a small area of the crop, at the desired <b>Tigris PS</b>
seed and sesame seed) [Rapeseed	100043	(0.0625-0.094 lb. a.i./A)	spray volume.	<b>Clethodim</b> rate and with the same non-ionic surfactant (NIS) that will be used on the field. If
Subgroup 20A]*		,		no crop response is evident 7 days after treatment, Tigris PS Clethodim may be used on the
including:				entire field at the rate tested and with the same NIS used in the crop safety test.
Borage				Restrictions:
Crambe				<ul> <li>DO NOT apply after crop has begun bolting. Crop injury may occur when Tigris PS</li> </ul>
Cuphea				Clethodim is applied during the bloom period.
Echium				<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 6 fl. oz./A (0.094 lb. a.i./A) in a single application.</li> </ul>
Gold of Pleasure (Camelina)				For Annual and Perennial Grasses: DO NOT make more than 1 application at 6 fl. oz./A
Hare's Ear Mustard Lesauerella				(0.094 lb. a.i./A) in a year.
Lesquerella Lunaria				For Reduced Rate Control for Small Annual Grasses: DO NOT make more than 1 application
Meadowfoam				at 4 fl. oz./A (0.0625 lb. a.i./A) per year.
Milkweed				Refer to the DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.
Oil Radish				
Poppy Seed				
Rapeseed (Canola)				
Sweet Rocket				
Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.				
*Not for use in California.				
Carrot	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished	Restrictions:
		(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i./A)	spray volume.	<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) in a single application.</li> </ul>
				DO NOT make more than 4 applications per acre per year.
				DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz./A (0.5 lb. a.i./A) per year.
				For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Clover	15 days before grazing, feeding,	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.25 lb. a.i./A)	1% v/v in the finished	For use on clover grown in the states of Idaho, Oregon, and Washington only.
	or harvesting (cutting) for forage or hay	(U.U94-U.25 Ib. a.i./A)	spray volume.	Restrictions:
	torage or nay			<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz./A (0.25 lb. a.i./A) per application.</li> </ul>
				• DO NOT make more than 2 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb.
				a.i./A), or 1 application at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz. (0.25 lb. a.i./A), per acre per year.
				<ul> <li>DO NOT exceed 16 fl. oz./A (0.25 lb. a.i./A) in a year.</li> <li>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</li> </ul>
		L		<ul> <li>ror repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-aay interval.</li> </ul>

1 DO NOT use Tigris PS Clethodim on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.

<sup>2</sup> Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. See the **ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE** section for further information.

Crops(1)	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre(2)	Special Use Instructions
Corn, Field For burndown of existing stand of Roundup Ready field corn or volunteer Roundup Ready field corn prior to replanting field corn. See Directions for Use in Roundup Ready Field Corn (Burndown table.	90 days	3 fl. oz. (0.047 lb. a.i./A)	DO NOT use COC or MSO with Tigris PS Clethodim in this use pattern.	To control the existing stand, replant no sooner than 6 days after application. Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 3 fl. az/A (0.047 lb. a.i/A) per application. DO NOT make more than 1 application per year. DO NOT apply more than 3 fl. az/A (0.047 lb. a.i/A) per year.
Cotton (including cotton grown for seed) [Cottonseed Subgroup 20C] including: Cottonseed Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	60 days	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.25 lb. a.i./A)	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt/A) by air. <sup>(5)</sup>	The addition of AVS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn. <b>Restrictions:</b> • DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. az/A (0.25 lb. a.i/A) per application. • DO NOT make more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. az. (0.094-0.125 lb. ai/A), or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. az. (0.25 lb. ai/A), per acre per year. • DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated forage or hay to livestack. • For repet applications, not mainmum of a 14-day interval.
Cranberry	30 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i./A)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz/A(0.125 lb. a.i/A) in a single application.           DO NOT make more than 4 applications per care per year.           DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (O.5 lb. a.i/A) per year.           DO NOT apply between the "hook" stage and full fruit set.           For repet applications, make an an iminum of a l 4-day interval.
Fallow Land Conifer Trees (and other non-producing agricultural areas) Non-Grop or Non-Planted Areas	N/A	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.25 lb. a.i/A)	1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt/A) in the finished spray volume using a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier.	Bestrictions:           • D0 NOT cpply more than 16 fl. az/A (025 lb. az/A) per application.           • D0 NOT make more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. az. (0.094-0.125 lb. az/A) or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. az. (0.25 lb. az/A) per acre per year.           • D0 NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.5 lb. az/A) per year.           • D0 NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.5 lb. az/A) per year.           • D0 NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.5 lb. az/A) per year.           • D0 NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.5 lb. az/A) per year.           • D0 NOT apple that any crop for 30 days after application unless dethodim is registered for use in that crop.           • For repeet applications, make an a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Flax * "Not for use in California.	60 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0125 lb. a.i./A)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Apply prior to bloom. Crop injury may accur when Tigris PS Clethodim is applied during the bloom period.           Restrictions:         • D0 NOT apply more than 8 fl. az/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) in a single application.           • D0 NOT make more than 2 applications per acce per year.           • D0 NOT make more than 2 applications per acce per year.           • For Reduced Rate Control for Small Annual Grasses: D0 NOT make more than 4 applications at 4fl. az/A (0.025 lb. a.i/A) per year.           • For repeat applications, mer an a minimum of a 14-day interval.           Refer to the DirectIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SNALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.

N/A = Not Applicable

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2 Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criterio: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. See the **ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE** section for further information.

51 to 2qts/A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0,28%N, or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (25 to 4 lbs/A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to Tigris PS Clethodim applications, in addition to the specified rate of crop oil concentrate.

	CROP SP	ECIFIC DIRECTIONS AND RES	TRICTIONS FOR TIGRIS PS C	LETHODIM (cont'd)
Crops(1)	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre(2)	Special Use Instructions
Fruiting Vegetable (except Okra and	20 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished	Restrictions:
Tomato) [Crop Group 8-10]		(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i./A)	spray volume.	<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) in a single application.</li> </ul>
including:				<ul> <li>DO NOT make more than 4 applications per acre per year.</li> </ul>
African Eggplant				<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz./A (0.5 lb. a.i./A) per year.</li> </ul>
Bush Tomato				<ul> <li>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</li> </ul>
Bell Pepper				
Cocona				
Currant Tomato				
Eggplant				
Garden Huckleberry				
Goji Berry				
Groundcherry				
Martynia				
Naranjilla				
Pea Eggplant				
Pepino				
Non-bell Pepper				
Roselle				
Scarlet Eggplant				
Sunberry				
Tomatillo				
Tree Tomato				
Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.				

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<sup>2</sup> Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. See the **ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE** section for further information.

CROP SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS FOR TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM (cont'd)				
Crops(1)	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre(2)	Special Use Instructions
Herbs [Subgroup 19A]	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished	Tigris PS Clethodim has not been tested on all herbs, and herb varieties. It is the
including:		(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i./A)	spray volume.	responsibility of the user to test Tigris PS Clethodim on a small portion of the crop to be
Angelica				treated before treating the entire field.
Balm				Crop resistance must be verified to <b>Tigris PS Clethodim</b> on a small area of the herb crop, at
Basil				the desired <b>Tigris PS Clethodim</b> rate and with the same crop oil concentrate that will be used
Borage				on the herb field. If no crop response is evident 7 days after treatment, <b>Tigris PS Clethodim</b>
Burnet				may be used on the entire field at the rate tested and with the same crop oil used in the
Camomile				resistance test.
Catnip				
Chervil (Dried)				Restrictions:
Chive				<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) in a single application.</li> </ul>
Chive, Chinese				DO NOT make more than 4 applications per acre per year.
Clary				<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz./A (0.5 lb. a.i./A) per acre per year.</li> </ul>
Coriander (Leaf)				<ul> <li>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</li> </ul>
Costmary				
Cilantro (Leaf)				
Curry (Leaf)				
Dill (Dillweed)				
Horehound				
Hyssop				
Lavender				
Lemongrass				
Lovage (Leaf)				
Marigold				
Marjoram ( <i>Origanum</i> spp.)				
Nasturtium				
Parsley (Dried)				
Pennyroyal				
Rosemary				
Rue				
Sage				
Savory, Summer and Winter				
Sweet Bay				
Tansy				
Tarragon				
Thyme				
Wintergreen				
Woodruff				
Wormwood				
Hops	21 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i./A)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Restrictions: • DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) in a single application.
		(0.074-0.120 ID. u.I./A)	spruy volonne.	DO NOT apply more than 4 applications per acre per year.
				<ul> <li>DO NOT make more than 32 fl. oz./A (0.5 lb. a.i./A) per acre per year.</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 32 til 02.7 A (0.5 lb. 0.1.7 A) per acre per year.</li> <li>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</li> </ul>
			l	· Tor repeat apprications, make on a minimultion of a 14-day interval.

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<sup>2</sup> Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. See the ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE section for further information.

	Minimum Time From		Crop Oil Concentrate	
Crops(1)	Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Rates Per Acre(2)	Special Use Instructions
Leaf Petioles Vegetables [Subgroup 228]" including: Cardoon Celery Celture Chinese Celery Fuki Fennel, Florence (Finochio) Rhubarb Udo Zuiki Swiss Chard Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these commodities.	30 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i./A)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Restrictions:         • DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz/A (0.125 lk. o.i/A) in a single application.           • DO NOT make more than 8 fl. oz/A (0.125 lk. o.i/A) in a single application.           • DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz/A (0.5 lb. o.i/A) per acre.           • DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz/A (0.5 lb. o.i/A) per acre.           • For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
*Not for use in California.				
Leafy Greens [Subgroup 4-16A]" including: Amaranth Chinese Spinach Leafy Amaranth Tampala Arugula (Raquette) Chervil Chrysanthemum, Edible-leaved Chrysanthemum, Garland Corn Salda Cress Garden Upland (Yellow Rock and Winter) Dandelion Dandelion Dandelion Dandelion Entivee, Head and Leaf Orach Parsley Purslane Garden Winter Radicchio (Red Chicary) Spinach New Zealand Vine (Indian and Malabar)	14 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i./A)	I% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Restrictions:           • D0 NOT apply more than 8 fl. az/A (0.251 lb. a.i/A) in a single application.           • D0 NOT make more than 4 applications per arce per year.           • D0 NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.51 b. a.i/A) per arce.           • For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.

<sup>1</sup> DO NOT use Tigris PS Clethodim on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.

<sup>2</sup> Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. See the ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE section for further information.

Crops(1)	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre(2)	Special Use Instructions
Legume Vegetables, Edible Podded [Subgroup 6A] including: Bean ( <i>Piaseolus</i> spp.) Runner, Snap, Wax Bean ( <i>Vigna</i> spp.) Asparagus, Chinese Longbean, Moth, Yardlong, Jackkenn Pea ( <i>Pisum</i> spp.) Dwarf, Edible-pod, Snow, Sugar Snap Piecon	Application to Harvest (PHI) 21 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i./A)	Rates Per Acre(2) 1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air.(5)	For peas, apply before bloom, but no later than 21 days before harvest. The addition of AVS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, thizome Johnsongras, red rice, wild acts, volunteer correals, and volunteer corr. <b>Restrictions:</b> • D0 NOT apply more than 8 fl. az/A (0125 lb. a. i/A) in a single application. • D0 NOT apply more than 9 fl. az/A (0125 lb. a. i/A) per year. • D0 NOT apply more than 9 fl. az/A (0125 lb. a. i/A) per year. • For Reduced Rate Control for Small Annual Grasses: D0 NOT make more than 2 applications at 4f. az/A (00425 lb. a. i/A) per year.
Sword Beon Melon [Subgroup 9A] including: Citron Melon Melon Muskmelon (including Cantaloupe, Honeydew) Watermelon	14 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0125 lb. a.i./A)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Refer to the <b>DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES</b> table. <b>Restrictions:</b> • DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. az/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) per application. • DO NOT make more than 4 applications per arc per year. • DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.5 lb. a.i/A) per year. • For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Mint (Peppermint & Spearmint Tops)	21 days	6-16 fl. oz. <sup>(4)</sup> (0.094-0.25 lb. a.i./A)	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt/A) by air.	Do NOT apply more than 16 fl. az/A (0.25 lb. a.i/A) in a single application.           DD NOT make more than 16 fl. az/A (0.25 lb. a.i/A) in a single application.           DD NOT make more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. az. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i/A), or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl az. (0.25 lb. a.i/A), per acre per year.           DD NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.51 lb. a.i.) per year.           For repet applications, make an a minimum of a l4-day interval.
Mustard Seed * "Not for use in California.	75 days	4-6fl.oz. (0.0625-0.0941b.ai/A)	1% v∕v in the finished spray volume.	Restrictions:         • D0 NOT apply after crop has begun bolting. Crop injury may occur when Tigris PS           Cletbodim is applied during the bloom period.         • D0 NOT apply more than 6 fl. az / A (0094 lb. az i/A) in a single application.           • D0 NOT apply more than 2 applications per arcs per year.         • D0 NOT apply more than 2 applications per arcs per year.           • D0 NOT acceed 12 fl. az / A (0038 lb. az i/A) in a year.         • For Reduced Rate Control for Small Annual Grasses: D0 NOT make more than 3 applications at 4 fl. az /A (00625 lb. az i/A) per year.           • For repeat applications, make an a minum of a 14-day interval.         Refer to the DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUA GRASSES toble.
Okra	3 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i./A)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do NOT apply more than 8 fl. az/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) in a single application.           • DO NOT make more than 4 applications per care per year.           • DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.5 lb. a.i/A) per year.           • For repet applications, make an a minimum of a l4-day interval.

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<sup>2</sup> Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. See the **ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE** section for further information.

<sup>4</sup> For weed control in established alfalfa and mint (peppermint and spearmint tops), the minimum use rate is 10 fl. oz/A (0.156 lb. a.i./A).

<sup>5</sup> 1 to 2 qts/A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N, or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (2.5 to 4 lbs/A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to Tigris PS Clethodim applications, in addition to the specified rate of crop oil concentrate.

Minimum Time From		Cron Oil Concontrate	
Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Rates Per Acre(2)	Special Use Instructions
45 days			Minimum of 20 gals./A spray volume by ground in entire U.S.
	(0.094-0.25 lb. a.i./ A)	spray volume.	Minimum of 20 gals./A spray volume by air in California.
			In states other than California, air application to onions, garlic or shallots must be made in a minimum of 10 gals./A.
			Restrictions:           • D0 NOT apply more than 16 fl. az/A (025 lb. ai/A) per application.           • D0 NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (025 lb. ai/A) per year.           • D0 NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (05 lb. ai/A) per year.           • When applying by air, D0 NOT exceed 8 fl. az/A (0125 lb. ai/A) per application and 16 fl. az/A (025 lb. ai/A) per year.           • If Tigris P5 Clethodim is applied as a spot treatment to onion or garic, D0 NOT exceed 8 fl. az/A (0125 lb. ai/A) per application and 16 fl. az/A (025 lb. ai/A) per year.           • If Tigris P5 Clethodim is opplied as a spot treatment to onion or garic, D0 NOT exceed the maximum rate allowed on 2 <sup>o</sup> per arcs <sup>2</sup> basis.           • a falifornia, D0 NOT apply Tigris P5 Clethodim to garlic or onion until the crop has at least 2 <sup>o</sup> full berves. Use al 4-dvg sproy interval between the application of Tigris P5 Clethodim and liquid nitrogen or other herbicide applications. Injury to crop may occur when shorter intervals are observed.           • In California, for air applications to onion, D0 NOT exceed 2 applications per year.           • For reget applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
			<ul> <li>When applying by ground, DO NOT exceed 8 fl. oz/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) per application or 16 fl. oz/A (0.25 lb. a.i/A) per year.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 2 applications per year.</li> </ul>
14 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i./A)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Restrictions:           • D0 NOT apply more than 8 fl. az/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) in a single application.           • D0 NOT make more than 4 applications per arc per year.           • D0 NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.5 lb. a.i/A) per year.           • for ari applications to onion, D0 NOT exceed 8 fl. az/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) per applications per year.           • In California for air applications to onion, D0 NOT exceed 8 fl. az/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) per year.           • In California for air applications to onion, D0 NOT exceed 1 fl. az/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) per yaplications per year.           • In California, D0 NOT appled a sa spot treatment to onion or garlic D0 NOT exceed the maximum rate allowed on ° per arce' basis.           • In California, D0 NOT apply Tigris PS Clethodim to onion or garlic until the erop has at least 2 full leves. Use a 1/4 oy spray interval between the applications 1 figure 9 ccurr when shorter intervals are observed.           • For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
	45 days	Application to Harvest (PHI)         Use Rates Fer Acre           45 days         6-16 fl. oz.           (0.094-025 lb. o. i/A)         (0.094-025 lb. o. i/A)           14 days         6-8 fl. oz.	Application to Harvest (PHI)         Use Rates Per Acre         Trades Per Acre(2)           45 days         6-16 ft. oz. (0.094-0.25 lb. a.i/A)         1% v/vin the finished spray volume.           14 days         6-8 ft. oz.         1% v/vin the finished

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(1) Minimum Time From Unice Transition State Transition S					
Crops(1)	Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Rates Per Acre(2)	Special Use Instructions	
Ornamentals Non-Bearing Food Crops	N/A N/A	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-025 lb. o.i.) 6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0125 lb. o.i.)	Use of Crop Oil Concentrate is not advised incent it may injure flowers and foliage. See <b>Special Use</b> Instructions.	Add a nan-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals (02% v/v). <b>Restrictions:</b> • For Ornomentals, <b>DD NOT</b> apply more than 16 fl. az/A (0.25 lb. ai/A) in a single application. • For Non-Bearing food Crops, <b>DO NOT</b> apply more than 8 fl. az/A (0.125 lb. ai/A) in a single application. • <b>DD NOT</b> apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.5 lb. ai/A) per year. • <b>DD NOT</b> apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.5 lb. ai/A) per year. • <b>DD NOT</b> apply more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. az. (0.094-0.125 lb. ai/A), or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. az (0.025 lb. ai/A), per year. • Sugar magles cannot be tapped for syrup within 1 year of <b>Tigris PS Clethodim</b> application. • If applying as a spot treatment to non-bearing food crops, <b>DO NOT</b> exceed the maximum rate allowed on a "per acre" basic.	
Pea, Dry Shelled [Dry Shelled Pea and Bean (except Saybean) Subgroup 6C] including: Pea ( <i>Irsum</i> sp.) Field, Pigeon	30 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0125 lb. ai./A)	1 qt by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt/A) by air.(5)	Apply before bloom, but not later than 30 days prior to harvest. Applications of <b>Tigris PS</b> <b>Clethodim</b> to pees during the bloom period could result in severe crop injury, including loss of yield and delayed maturity. The addition of AAS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quockgrass, thiome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild outs, volunteer correals, and volunteer corre. <b>Restrictions:</b> • D0 NOT apply more than 8 fl. az/A (0.125 lb. a. i/A) per application. • D0 NOT apply more than 18 quot (AU25 lb. a. i/A) per year. • To Reduced Rate Control for Small Annual Grasses: D0 NOT make more than 2 applications at fl. oz/A (0.025 lb. a. i/A) per year. • For Reduced Rate Control for Small Annual Grasses: D0 NOT make more than 2 applications at fl. oz/A (0.00625 lb. a. i/A) per year. • For repeat applications, make an a minimum of a lk-day interval. Refer to the DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCE RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.	
Pea, Succulent [Succulent Shelled Pea and Bean Subgroup 6B] including: Pea ( <i>Tsum</i> sp.) English Pea, Garden Pea, Green Pea Pigeon Pea	21 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0125 lb. ai./A)	1 qt by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. <sup>(5)</sup>	Apply before bloom, but not later than 21 days prior to harvest. Applications of Tigris PS           Clethodim to pees during the bloom period could result in severe crop injury, including loss of yield and delayed maturity.           The addition of AKS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, thiome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer correals, and volunteer correals, and volunteer correals.           Po NOT apply more than 81. az/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) per application.           Do NOT apply more than 18. az/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) per application.           DO NOT apply more than 18. az/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) per year.           O NOT apply more than 18. az/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) per year.           For Reduced Rate Control for Small Annual Grasses: DO NOT make more than 2 applications at 41. az/A (0.625 lb. a.i/A) per year.           For regeet applications, make are a minimum of a l-day interval.           Refer to the DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.	

N/A = Not Applicable

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51 to 2 qts./ A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N, or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (2.5 to 4 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to Tigris PS Clethodim applications, in addition to the specified rate of crop oil concentrate.

Crops(1)	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre(2)	Special Use Instructions
Peanut (including Perennial)	40 days	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.25 lb. ai/A)	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. <sup>(5)</sup>	The addition of ANS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, thizame Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.           Restrictions:         • D0 NOT apply more than 16 fl. az/A (0.25 lb. a.i/A) per application.           • D0 NOT make more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. az. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i/A), or 2 applications at the lightest rate, 16 fl. az. (0.25 lb. a.i/A), or a care par year.           • D0 NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.5 lb. a.i/A per year.           • D0 NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.5 lb. a.i/A) per application.
Pome Fruit [Crop Group 11-10] including: Apple Azarole Crabopple Loquat Mayhaw Hook & Arm, and C. <i>rulula</i> Sarg. Medlar Pear Pear Pear, Asian <i>Resudocydania sinensis</i> Quince, Jopanese Tejocate Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	14 days	4-8 fl. oz. (0.0625-0.125 lb. a.i./A)	Non-ionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v	Restrictions:           • D0 NOT opply more than 8 fl. az/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) per opplication.           • D0 NOT make more than 4 applications per acre per year.           • D0 NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.5 lb. a.i/A) per year.           • D0 NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.5 lb. az/A) per year.           • For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a l4-day interval.
Pototo	30 days	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.25 lb. a.i./A)	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. <sup>(5)</sup>	The addition of AVS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn. <b>Restrictions:</b> • DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. az/A (0.25 lb. ai/A) per application. • DO NOT make more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. az (0.094–0.125 lb. ai/A), or 2 applications at the highest rate (b fl. az (0.25 lb. ai/A) per arce per year. • DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.5 lb. az /A) per year. • For repet applications, make an a minimum of a 16-day interval.
Radish Radish Leaves	15 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0125 lb. a.i./A)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do NOT apply more than 8 fl. az/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) in a single application.           DO NOT make more than 0 applications per arce per year.           DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. az/A (0.25 lb. a.i) per arcer in a year.           For reped applications, make an a minimum of a 14-day interval.

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5 1 to 2 qts./ A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N, or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (2.5 to 4 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to Tigris PS Clethodim applications, in addition to the specified rate of crop oil concentrate.

Crops(1)	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre(2)	Special Use Instructions
Root Vegetable (except Sugar Beet & Radish) [Subgroup IB] including: Burdack; (dible Celeriac Chervil, Jurnip Rooted Chicory Ginseng Horseradish Parshey, Turnip Rooted Parship Radish, Oriental Rutaboga Sakify Sakify, Spanish Skirret Turnip	30 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0125 lb. a.i./A)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Restrictions:         • D0 NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz/A (0.125 lb. o.i./A) in a single application.           • D0 NOT make more than 4 applications per are are years.           • D0 NOT make more than 4 applications per are are per year.           • D0 NOT make more than 2 fl. oz/A (0.15 lb. oz/A) (per year.           • D0 NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz/A (0.5 lb. oz/A) (per year.           • For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Safflower	70 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0125 lb. a.i./A)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) in a single application.           • DO NOT make more than 4 applications per care per year.           • DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz/A (0.5 lb. a.i/A) per year.           • For repet applications, make an a minimum of 14-do y interval.
Sesome	14 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0125 lb. a.i./A)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) in a single application.           • DO NOT make more than 4 applications per ace per year.           • DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz/A (0.5 lb. a.i/A) per year.           • DO NOT apply dwing flowering.           • For repet applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Soybean	60 days	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.25 lb. a.i/A)	1 qt by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt/A) by air. <sup>(5)</sup>	The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, thizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereak, and volunteer corn. <b>Restrictions:</b> • DD NOT opply more than 16 fl. az/A (025 lb. ai/A) in a single application. • DD NOT make more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. az. (0.094-0.125 lb. ai/A), or 2 applications at the highest rate (b fl. az. (0.25 lb. ai/A), per acre per year. • DD NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.51 lb. ai/A) per year. • DD NOT apper teretotaf fields or cell teretal forage or hys to livestack. • For Reduced Rate Control for Small Annual Grasses: DD NOT make more than 8 applications at fl. az/A (0.0025 lb. ai/A) per year. • For repeat applications, make an a minimum of 0.14-day interval. Refer to the Diffections FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTOL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.

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51 to 2qts:/A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0,28%N, or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (25 to 4 lbs:/A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to Tigris PS Clethodim applications, in addition to the specified rate of crop oil concentrate.

CROP SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS FOR TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM (cont'd)					
Crops(1)	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre(2)	Special Use Instructions	
Squash/Cucumber [Subgroup 9B] including: Chayate [fruit] Chinese Waxgourd (Chinese Preserving Melon) Cucumber Gherkin Gourd, Gible (Includes Hyotan, Cucurza, Hechima, Chinese Okra) Mamarica sapp. (Includes Balsam Apple, Balsam Pear, Bittermelon, Chinese Cucumber) Pumpkin Squash, Summer Squash, Winter (Includes Butternut Squash, Calabara; Hubard Squash, Acorn Squash, Spaghetti Squash)	14 days	6-8fl.oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. ai./A)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Restrictions:           • D0 NOT apply more than 8 fl. ac/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) per application.           • D0 NOT make more than 8 fl. ac/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) per opplication.           • D0 NOT apply more than 32 fl. ac/A (0.5 lb. a.i/A) per year.           • For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.	
Stalk and Stem Vegetable [Subgroup 22A] Agave Alao Vera Asparagus Bambao Shoats Celtuce Fennel, Florence (Fresh Leaves and Stalk) Fern, Fiddlehead (Edible) Kake, Sea Kohlrobi Palm Hearts Prickly Pear, Texas (Pads) Prickly Pear, Texas (Pads) Prickly Pear, Texas (Pads) Wat for use in California.	1 day	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i./A)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Restrictions:         • D0 NOT apply more than 8 fl. az/A (0.125 lb. ai/A) per application.           • D0 NOT make more than 8 fl. az/A (0.125 lb. ai/A) per applications per acceper year.           • D0 NOT apply more than 16 fl. az/A (0.25 lb. ai/A) per year.           • For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.	
Stevia, Dried Leaves	14 days	4-8 fl. oz. (0.0625-0.125 lb. a.i./A)	Non-ionic Surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v.	Tigris PS Clethodim has not been tested on all varieties. It is the responsibility of the user to test Tigris PS Clethodim on a small portion of the crop to be treated before treating the entire field.           Verify crop safety to Tigris PS Clethodim on a small area of the crop, at the desired Tigris PS Clethodim rate and with the same non -ionic surfactant (MS) that will be used on the field. If no crop response is evident 7 days after treatment, Tigris PS Clethodim may be used on the field at the rate tested and with the same NIS used in the crop safety test.           Restrictions: • D0 NOT apply more than 8 fl. az/A (0.125 lb. a.i/A) per application. • D0 NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.51 lb. a.i/A) per year. • For repeat capplications, make an a minimum of al-day interval.	

DO NOT use Tigris PS Clethodim on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.

<sup>2</sup> Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following ariteria: be non-phytotoxia; contain only EPA-exempt ingredients; provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. See the ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE section for further information.

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Crops(1)	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre(2)	Special Use Instructions		
Stone Fruit [Crop Group 12-12]	14 days	4-8 fl. oz.	Non-ionic Surfactant	Restrictions:		
including:		(0.0625-0.125 lb. a.i./A)	(NIS) at 0.25% v/v.	<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) per application.</li> </ul>		
Apricot				<ul> <li>DO NOT make more than 4 applications per acre per year.</li> </ul>		
Apricot, Japanese				<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz./A (0.5 lb. a.i./A) per year.</li> </ul>		
Capulin				<ul> <li>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</li> </ul>		
Cherry, Black						
Cherry, Nanking						
Cherry, Sweet						
Cherry, Tart						
Jujube, Chinese						
Nectarine						
Peach						
Plum						
Plum, American						
Plum, Beach						
Plum, Canada						
Plum, Cherry						
Plum, Chickasaw						
Plum, Damson						
Plum, Japanese						
Plum, Klamath						
Plum, Prune						
Plumcot						
Sloe						
Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.						
Strawberry	4 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished	Restrictions:		
Sciuwberry	4 uu y s	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i./A)	spray volume.	<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) in a single application.</li> </ul>		
		(0.074 0.125 lb. u.l./ N	spruy voionie.	<ul> <li>DO NOT make more than 4 applications per acre per year.</li> </ul>		
				<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz./A (0.5 lb. a.i./A) per year.</li> </ul>		
				<ul> <li>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</li> </ul>		
Sugar Beet	40 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 at. by ground or 1% v/v	The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including:		
sugar beet	40 ddys					
		(0.094-0.25 lb. a.i./A)	(but not less than 1 pt./A) by air.(5)	quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.		
			by air.(3)	Restrictions:		
				<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz./A (0.25 lb. a.i./A) in a single application.</li> </ul>		
				• DO NOT make more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb.		
				a.i./A), or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz. (0.25 lb. a.i./A), per acre per year.		
				<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz./A (0.5 lb. a.i./A) per year.</li> </ul>		
				For Reduced Rate Control for Small Annual Grasses: DO NOT make more than 8		
				applications at 4 fl. oz./A (0.0625 lb. a.i./A) per year.		
				<ul> <li>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</li> </ul>		
				Refer to the DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.		

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<sup>2</sup> Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. See the **ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE** section for further information.

51 to 2 qts:/A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%M), or 23%M), or an equivalent amount (2.5 to 4 lbs:/A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to Tigris PS Clethodim applications, in addition to the specified rate of crop oil concentrate.

Crops(1)	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre(2)	Special Use Instructions
Sunflower [Subgroup 20B] including:	70 days	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.25 lb. a.i./A)	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A)	The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Calendula Castor oil Plant Chinese Tallowtree Euphorbia		(0074 0.2010, 014 h)	by air.(5)	Verify crop safety to <b>Tigris PS Clethodim</b> on a small area of the crop, at the desired <b>Tigris</b> <b>PS Clethodim</b> rate and with the same crop ail concentrate that will be used on the field. If no crop response is evident 7 days after treatment, <b>Tigris PS Clethodim</b> may be used on the entire field at the rate tested and with the same crop ail used in the crop safety test.
Evening Primrose Jojoba Niger Seed Rose Hip Stokes Aster Tallowwood Teo Dil Plant Vernoia Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.				Do NOT apply more than 16 fl. az/A (0.25 lb. ai/A) in a single application.           • DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. az/A (0.25 lb. ai/A) in a single application.           • DO NOT make more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6 = fl. az. (0.074–0.125 lb. ai/A) per opplications at the highest rate, 16 la. (0.25 lb. ai/A), per acre per year.           • DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.5 lb. ai/A) per year.           • For Reduced Rate Control for Small Annual Grasses: DO NOT make more than 8 applications at the law 25 b. ai/A) per year.           • For repeat applications, make an a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Tomato	20 days	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.25 lb. α.i./A)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz/A (0.25 lb. a.i/A) in a single application.           • DO NOT make more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i/A), or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz. (0.25 lb. a.i/A), per acre per year.           • DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz/A (0.5 lb. a.i/A) in a single application.           • DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz/A (0.5 lb. a.i/A) per acre per year.           • For repeet applications, rake can a minimum of a 14-day interval.

1 DO NOT use Tigris PS Clethodim on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.

2 Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non-phytotaxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. See the ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE section for further information.

<sup>5</sup> 1 to 2 qts/A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N, or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (2.5 to 4 lbs/A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to Tigris PS Clethodim applications, in addition to the specified rate of crop oil concentrate.

Crops IV         Application to Barrest (PHI)         Use Batts Yer Area         Prices Yer Area         Special Des Instructions           Tree Mode Grops Group 14-12]         14 days         6-88 lac.         Price Yer Area         - DO NOT apply more than B az /A (DDE 16. a.i./A) in a single application.           Aniand         Anianal Kertee         ID MAR Tapply Mare than B az /A (DDE 16. a.i./A) in a single application.         - DO NOT apply more than B az /A (DDE 16. a.i./A) in a single application.           Aniand         Barbane         Barbane         Barbane         - DO NOT apply more than B az /A (DDE 16. a.i./A) in a single application.           Barbane         Barbane         Barbane         Barbane         - DO NOT apply more than B az /A (DDE 16. a.i./A) in a single application.           Barbane         Barbane         Barbane         Barbane         - DO NOT apply more than B az /A (DDE 16. a.i./A) in a single application.           Barbane         Barbane         Barbane         Barbane         - DO NOT apply more than B az /A (DDE 16. a.i./A) in a single application.           Barbane         Barbane         Barbane         - Do NOT apply more than B az /A (DDE 16. a.i./A) in a single application.           Barbane         Barbane         Barbane         - Do NOT apply more than B az /A (DDE 16. a.i./A)           Barbane         Barbane         - Do NOT apply more than B az /A (DDE 16. a.i./A)				TRICTIONS FOR TIORIS F3 6	
including         inclusion         inclusion <t< th=""><th>-</th><th>Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)</th><th></th><th></th><th>Special Use Instructions</th></t<>	-	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)			Special Use Instructions
African Autore       • DO NOT make more than A sepalementarios proceep you?         Amoud       • DO NOT make more than A sepalementarios proceep you?         Brail Mut       • DO NOT make more than A sepalementarios proceep you?         Brail Mut       • DO NOT make more than A sepalementarios proceep you?         Brail Mut       • DO NOT make more than A sepalementarios proceep you?         Brail Mut       • DO NOT make more than A sepalementarios proceep you?         Brail Mut       • DO NOT make more than A sepalementarios proceep you?         Brail Mut       • DO NOT make more than A sepalementarios proceep you?         Brail Mut       • DO NOT make more than A sepalementarios proceep you?         Brail Mut       • DO NOT make more than A sepalementarios proceep you?         Brail Mut       • DO NOT make more than A sepalementarios proceep you?         Brail Mut       • DO NOT make more than A sepalementarios proceep you?         Brail Mut       • DO NOT make more than A sepalementarios proceep you?         Caplewort       • DO NOT make more than A sepalementarios proceep you?         Caplewort       • DO NOT make more than A sepalementarios proceep you?         Caplewort       • DO NOT make more than A sepalementarios proceep you?         Caplewort       • Do NOT make more than A sepalementarios proceep you?         Caplewort       • Do NOT make more than A sepalementario proceep yo	Tree Nuts [Crop Group 14-12]	14 days		1% v/v in the finished	
Almod     • 00007 gp/gp/more than 32.1 d. cz/A (0.5 hai // A jer / pex.       Beechnut     • for repeat spikation, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.       Broull Mt     • for repeat spikation, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.       Burlow Mt     • for repeat spikation, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.       Burlow Mt     • for repeat spikation, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.       Gaudentut     • for repeat spikation, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.       Gaudentut     • for repeat spikation, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.       Gaudentut     • for repeat spikation, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.       Gaudentut     • for repeat spikation, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.       Gaudentut     • for repeat spikation, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.       Gaudentut     • for repeat spikation, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.       Gaudentut     • for repeat spikation, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.       Gaudentut     • for repeat spikation, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.       Gaudentut     • for repeat spikation, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.       Gaudentut     • for repeat spikation, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.       Gaudentut     • for repeat spikation, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.       Gaudentut     • for repeat spikation, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.       Hidory Nut     • for repeat spikation, for for repeat spikation, for for	including:		(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i./A)	spray volume.	
Beechut     - For repeat opplication, mak on a minimum of a k-day interval.       Brail Ntt	African Nut-tree				
Bacil Nut         Image: Control of Control o	Almond				<ul> <li>DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz./A (0.5 lb. a.i./A) per year.</li> </ul>
Bruilian PineImage: Section of the sectio	Beechnut				<ul> <li>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</li> </ul>
Bunye	Brazil Nut				
Bu bdkBu bdkButheroutGoulwhtCandlenutCasheryCasheryChinquopinContort	Brazilian Pine				
ButtenutiImage: state s	Bunya				
CajoukutImage: state st	Bur Oak				
Candlenut	Butternut				
CashewChestnutChoquopinConuto <td>Cajou Nut</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Cajou Nut				
ChestnutCoquito NutCoquito NutCoquito NutDika NutGinagoGuiana ChestnutBarelnut (Tallbert)Hardnut (Tallbert)Hardnut (Tallbert)Japonese Borse-ChestnutMacadomio NutMondey-potMonkey-potMonkey-potNonkey-potPartinutPartinutPartinutBondomio NutMonkey-potMonkey-potPartinutPartinutPartinutBondomio NutMonkey-potalSopora NutPartinut<	Candlenut				
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CoconutCoquito NutCoquito NutGinkgoGinkgoGinkestrutHonzenut (Fibert)Henzhnut (Fibert)Henzhnut (Fibert)Menzhnut (Fibert)Henzhnut (Fibert)Menzhnut (Fibert)Henzhnut (Fibert)Henzhnut (Fibert)Menzhnut (Fibert)Henzhnut (Fibert)Menzhnut (Fibert)Menzhnut (Fibert)Mongongo NutMongongo NutMonkey Pizzle NutOkani NutPachina NutPecanPecanPecanPetini NutPecanPetini NutPetini NutPetini NutPetini NutPetini NutPetini NutPini NutMinut (Figlish)Winut (Figlish)Winut (Figlish)	Chinguapin				
Dika NutImageImageGinkgoImageImageGinkgoImageImageHazehut (Filbert)ImageImageHeutnutImageImageJapanese Horse-ChestnutImageMacadamia NutImageImageManagon NutImageImageMonkey-potImageImageMonkey-potImageImageMonkey-potImageImageMonkey-potImageImagePedira NutImageImagePedira NutImageImagePine NutImageImagePine NutImageImageImageImageImagePine NutImageImageImageImageImageNutImageImageImageImageImageImageImageImageImageImageImageImageImageImageImageImageImageImage <td>Coconut</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Coconut				
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Guiona Chestrut            Marelnut (Tillert)            Horthrut            Hickory Nut            Japanese Horse-Chestrut            Moadmin Nut            Mondery-pot            Monkey-pot            Monkey Mut            Pach-Plan Nut            Peach-Plan Nut            Pin Nut            Pin Nut            Sapueaia Nut            Topical Almond            Wolnut, English            Holdowdrn	Dika Nut				
Guiona Chestrut            Marelnut (Tillert)            Horthrut            Hickory Nut            Japanese Horse-Chestrut            Moadmin Nut            Mondery-pot            Monkey-pot            Monkey Mut            Pach-Plan Nut            Peach-Plan Nut            Pin Nut            Pin Nut            Sapueaia Nut            Topical Almond            Wolnut, English            Holdowdrn	Ginkgo				
Heartnut Japonese Horse-Chestnut Mongense Horse-Chestnut Horse-Chestnut Mongense Horse-Chestnut Horse-Chestnut Mongense Horse-Chestnut Horse-Che	Guiana Chestnut				
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Monkey-pot	Macadamia Nut				
Monkey Puzzle Nut            Okari Nut            Penchina Nut            Pench Palm Nut            Pench Palm Nut            Pence Nation            Pence Nation            Pence Nation            Pence Nation            Pilk Nut            Supurision Nation            Pistachino            Supurision Nut            Topical Almond            Walnut, English            Valowation Nation	Mongongo Nut				
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Peadh Palm Nut        Peadu        Peaqui        Drill Nut        Pine Nut        Sopuration Nut        Topical Almond        Walnut, English        Blowhorn	Okari Nut				
Pecan     Pecan       Pequi     Pequi       Pequi     Pequi       Pine Nut     Pine Nut       Pistachio     Pine Nut       Sapucaia Nut     Pine Nut       Topical Almond     Pine Nut       Walnut, English     Pine Nut       Walnut, English     Pine Nut	Pachira Nut				
Pequi     Image: Comparison of the compa	Peach Palm Nut				
Pili Nut Pili Nut Pili Nut Pili Nut Pili Nut Pistachio Supucia Vut Tropical Almond Valnut, English Valnut, Eng	Pecan				
Pine Nut         Fistachio           Spacozia Nut         Spacozia Nut           Topical Almond         Spacozia Nut           Walnut, English         Spacozia Nut           Blowhorn         Spacozia Nut	Pequi				
Pine Nut         Fistachio           Spacozia Nut         Spacozia Nut           Topical Almond         Spacozia Nut           Walnut, English         Spacozia Nut           Blowhorn         Spacozia Nut	Pili Nut				
Sapucaia Nut Tropical Almond Walnut, Black Walnut, English Yellowfrom	Pine Nut				
Tropical Almond Walnut, Black Walnut, English Blavkann	Pistachio				
Tropical Almond Walnut, Black Walnut, English Blavkann	Sapucaia Nut				
Valnut, Black Walnut, English Yellowhorn					
Valnut, English Yellowhorn	Walnut, Black				
Yellowhorn					
	Yellowhorn				
	Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.				

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<sup>2</sup> Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following ariteria: be non-phytotoxia; contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. See the **ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE** section for further information.

		EON TO DIRECTION O AND REC	STRICTIONS FOR TIGRIS PS C	
Crops(1)	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre(2)	Special Use Instructions
Tuberous and Corm Vegetables [Subgroup IC] (except Potato)	30 days	6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.25 lb. a.i./A)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
including: Arraocaha Arraowaat Canne, Edible Casswa (Bitter, Sweet) Chayate (Root) Chufa Dasheen Ginger Leren Sweet Potato Tanier Tumeric Yam Bean				Restrictions:         • DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz/A (0.25 lb. a.i/A) in a single application.           • DO NOT make more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i/A), or 2 applications at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz. (0.25 lb. a.i/A), per acre per year.           • DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (0.5 lb. a.i/A) per year.           • For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Turnip Greens	14 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i./A)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Bestrictions:         • D0 NOT apply more than 8 fl. az/A (0125 lb. a.i/A) in a single application.           • D0 NOT make more than 4 applications per acre per year.         • D0 NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (05 lb. azi/A) per year.           • D0 NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (05 lb. azi/A) per year.         • For repeat applications, make an a minimum dia 14-day interval.
Watercress" "Not for use in California.	30 days	6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0125 lb. a.i./A)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Bestrictions:         • DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. az/A (0125 lb. ai/A) in a single application.           • DD NOT make more than 4 applications per acre per year.         • DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (D.S.lb. ai/A) per year.           • DD NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (D.S.lb. ai/A) per year.         • DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (D.S.lb. ai/A) per year.           • DD NOT apply more than 32 fl. az/A (D.S.lb. ai/A) per year.         • DO NOT apply when watercress is under flood conditions.           • DD NOT apply register SO Clethodim when water is in the field and hold water for at least 24 hours after an application.         • For repeat applications.

1 DO NOT use Tigris PS Clethodim on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.

<sup>2</sup> Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. See the **ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE** section for further information.

#### IMPORTANT

Plant resistance to Tigris PS Clethodim at labeled rates has been found to be acceptable for the indicated genera and species listed below. Due to variability within species, arop growth stage, environmental conditions, and application techniques, it is advised that the user determine if the herbicide can be used safely on a few plants prior to widespread application. Neither the seller nor the manufacturer of Tigris PS Clethodim have investigated the safety factor to plants not listed on the label.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR NON-BEARING FOOD CROPS

## TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM MUST NOT BE APPLIED TO NON-BEARING FRUIT OR NUT CROPS WHICH ARE GROWN FOR ROOT STOCK.

Crop injury to non-bearing fruit and nut crops can occur if Tigris PS Clethodim is improperly applied. Tigris PS Clethodim must not be applied directly over the top of these plant types. Instead, spray must be directed at the base of the plant where grassy weeds are graving near the ground.

Non-bearing fruit and nut crops are plants which will not bear fruit or nuts for at least 1 year following Tigris PS Clethodim application.

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Apples	Malus spp.
Berries	Vaccinium spp.
	Rubusspp.
Cherry, Sweet	Prunusavium
Citrus Fruits	Citrus spp.
Grapes	Vitis spp.
Olives	Oleaspp.
Peach	Prunus persica
Pears	Pyrus communis
Prunes	Prunusspp.
Stone Fruits	Prunus spp.
Strawberries	Fragaria spp.
Tree Nut:	5
Almond	Prunus triloba
Filbert	Corylus maxima
Pecan	Carya illinoinensis
Pistachio	Pistacia vera
Walnut	Juglansspp.

#### Use Rates Per Acre: 6-8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i./A)

#### Use Instructions:

- Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).
- Use of crop oil concentrate is not advised since it may injure flowers and foliage.
- Sugar maples cannot be tapped for syrup within 1 year of Tigris PS Clethodim application.

#### **Restrictions:**

- · If Tigris PS Clethodim is applied as a spot treatment to non-bearing fruit and nut crops, DO NOT exceed the maximum rate allowed on a "per acre" basis.
- Tigris PS Clethodim must not be applied to non-bearing fruit or nut crops which are grown for root stock.
- DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz/A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) per application.
- DO NOT make more than 4 applications per acre per year.
- DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz./A (0.5 lb. a.i./A) per year.
- · For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.

# **CONIFER TREES**

Tigris PS Clethodim can be used to control labeled grasses in Christmas tree farms, conifer nurseries, and conifer plantations (but not in forests).

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Arborvitae, American	Thuja occidentalis
Cedars	Cedrusspp.
Cypress	Taxodium spp.
Fir, Douglas	Pseudotsuga menziesii
Firs	Abies spp.
Hemlock, Canadian/Eastern	Tsuga Canadensis
Hemlock, Western	Tsuga heterophylla
Pines	Pinusspp.
Spruces	Picea spp.
Yew	Taxus spp.

Use Rates per Acre: 6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i./A)

**Use Instructions:** 

Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).

Restrictions:

- DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz./A (0.25 lb. a.i.) per application.
- DO NOT make more than 2 applications per acre per year at the 16 fl. oz. (0.25 lb. a.i./A) rate. DO NOT make more than 5 applications per acre per year at the 6 fl. oz. (0.094 lb. a.i./A) rate.
- DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz./A (0.5 lb. a.i./A) per year.
- For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR NON-CROP OR NON-PLANTED AREAS

The following areas are considered non-erop or non-planted areas: rights-of-way including railroads, highways, roads, dividers, medians, pipelines, public utility lines, pumping stations, transformer stations and substations. Around airports, electric utilities, commercial buildings, manufacturing plants, storage yards, rail yards, fence lines, parkways, and past-harvest croplands. Also beneath greenhouse benches and around golf courses.

GRASS SUPPRESSION IN NON-CROP AREAS WITH TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM				
GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	
Annual and perennial grasses that exceed height claimed for control on height charts below.	Up to and including grasses in the seed head stage.	12 (0.188 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)	
Descriptions:           • DO NOT apply as part of a tank mix when applying Tigris PS Clethodim for grass suppression.           • Add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qL/A by ground to the finished spray volume.           • DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. az/A (025 lb. ai/A) per application.           • DO NOT apply more than 64 fl. az/A (012 lb. ai/A) per year.           • DO NOT apply more than 64 m applications per year.           • DO NOT apply more than 64 m applications per year.           • For repeet applications, make on a minimum of a V-day interval.				

#### DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES (EXCEPT FOR IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA AND PEPPERMINT AND SPEARMINT TOPS)

Apply only to actively growing grasses at specified weed heights.

- · Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the specified growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

#### **Restrictions:**

DO NOT exceed the maximum rate per application listed in the table CROP SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS FOR TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM.

• DO NOT exceed the maximum number of applications per year listed in the table CROP SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS FOR TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM.

DO NOT exceed the maximum yearly rate listed in the table CROP SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS FOR TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM.

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT* (Inches)	RATE Fl. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE Fl. oz./Acre (1)
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	2 to 8	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Broadleaf Signalgrass	Brachiaria platyphylla	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Brome				
California	Bromus carinatus	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Cheat	Bromus secalinus	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Downy	Bromus tectorum	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Ripgut	Bromus diandrus	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Canarygrass	Phalaris canariensis	1 to 4	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Crabgrass			ĺ	
Hairy	Digitaria adscendens	2 to 6**	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	2 to 6**	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	2 to 6**	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Southern	Digitaria ciliaris	2 to 6**	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Crowfootgrass	Dactyloctenium aegyptium	2 to 6**	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Fall Panicum	Panicum dichotomiflorum	2 to 8	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Field Sandbur	Cenchrus incertus	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Foxtail		ĺ		
Giant	Setaria faberi	2 to 12	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Green	Setaria viridis	2 to 8	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Yellow	Setaria glauca	2 to 8	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)

\* Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering.

\*\* Length of lateral growth.

(f) Rates higher than 8 fl. oz/A (0.125 fl. ai/A) may be applied in certain geographic areas, cropping situations, or environmental conditions, where experience has shown that higher rates are needed for satisfactory control of annual grasses. In these situations, rates from 8 to 16 fl. oz/A (0.125 to 0.25 lb. ai/A) may be applied.

# DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES (cont'd)

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT* (Inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE Fl. oz./Acre (1)
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	2 to 6**	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Itchgrass	Rottboellia cochinchinensis	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Junglerice	Echinochloa colona	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Lovegrass (Stinkgrass)	Eragrostis cilianensis	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	(0.125 lb. a.i.)
Rabbitsfootgrass	Polypogon monspeliensis	1 to 4	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	(0.125 lb. a.i.)
Red Rice	Oryzasativa	1 to 3	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	(0.125 lb. a.i.)
Ryegrass				
Hardy	Lolium remotum	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Italian	Lolium multiflorum	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Seedling Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense	4 to 10	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Shattercane	Sorghum bicolor	6 to 18	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Southwestern Cupgrass	Eriochloa gracilis	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Sprangletop			(	()
Amazon	Leptochloa panicoides	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Bearded	Leptochloa fascicularis	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Mexican	Leptochloa uninervia	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Red	Leptochloa filiformis	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Texas Panicum	Panicum texanum	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Volunteer Cereals(2)			(	
Barley	Hordeum vulgare	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Oats	Avena sativa	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Rye	Secale cereal	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Wheat	Triticum aestivum	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	(0.125 lb. a.i.)

\* Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering.

\*\* Length of lateral growth.

(1) Rates higher than 8 ft. az/A (0.25 ft. a.i/A) may be applied in certain geographic areas, cropping situations, or environmental conditions, where experience has shown that higher rates are needed for satisfactory control of annual grasses. In these situations, rates from 8 to 16 ft. az/A (0.25 ft. a.i/A) may be applied.
 (2) When a cereal grain crop (including wheat) is interseeded for crop establishment or is planted as wind breaks to aid crop establishment, the minimum Tigris PS Clethodim use rate for control is 8 ft. az/A (0.25 lb. a.i/A).

#### DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES (cont'd)

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT* (Inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE Fl. OZ./ACRE (1)
Volunteer Corn(3)	Zea mays	4 to 12	4 (0.0625 lb. a.i.)	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)
Volunteer Corn(3)	Zea mays	12 to 24	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Volunteer Corn (S.R.)(4)	Zea mays	4 to 12	8 (suppression (0.125 lb. a.	
Volunteer Grain Sorghum	Sorghum bicolor	8 to 12	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Wild Oats	Avena fatua	2 to 6	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Wild Proso Millet	Panicum miliaceum	2 to 10	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Witchgrass	Panicum capillare	2 to 8	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Woolly Cupgrass	Eriochloa villosa	2 to 8	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)

\* Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering.

(1) Rates higher than 8 fl. oz/A (0125 fl. ai/A) may be applied in certain geographic areas, cropping situations, or environmental conditions, where experience has shown that higher rates are needed for satisfactory control of annual arasses. In these situations, rates from 8 to 16 fl. oz/A (0125 to 0.25 lb. ai/A) may be apolied.

(3) Includes Roundup Ready<sup>®</sup>, Liberty Link<sup>®</sup>, and IMI-CORN<sup>®</sup> volunteer corn.

(4) Sethoxydim resistant volunteer corn.

DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL & PERENNIAL GRASS CONTROL IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA AND PEPPERMINT AND SPEARMINT TOPS WITH TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM				
GRASS SPECIES WEED STAGE RATE FL. 0.Z./ACRE HIGH RATE FL. 0.Z./ACRE				
Annual and Perennial Grasses Listed in Grass Table	See Table	10 (0.156 lb. q.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. g.i.)	

Mowing: The best control of annual grasses can be achieved by applying Tigris PS Clethodim before grass weeds are mowed. Once grass is mowed it becomes tougher to control, as much of the available leaf surface has been removed. In areas without a killing frost, some annuals can over-winter after having been mowed multiple times. These grasses form large crowns and may contain many viable buds. These grasses, even though they may be an annual grass, may require repeated applications of Tigris PS Clethodim for partial or complete control.

Irrigated Alfalfa and Mint (peppermint and spearmint tops): Irrigation practices can be very critical to the successful use of Tigris PS Clethodim in established alfalfa and mint (peppermint and spearmint tops) and may be necessary to initiate active growth of the weeds prior to application. Generally applications 2 to 4 days after irrigation are most effective. Irrigation made shortly after application (2 days) can be effective, but more consistent grass control accurs when the irrigation is made before the application.

Aerial Application: Apply Tigris PS Clethodim in a minimum of 10 GPA in established alfalfa and mint (peppermint and spearmint tops) when applying by air.

Annual Grass Control: Apply Tigris PS Clethodim at the grass sizes indicated in the ANNUAL GRASSEs table and rates indicated. If a grass has been out, apply Tigris PS Clethodim after active growth has resumed and regrowth has reached the minimum height and before it reaches the maximum height indicated. Apply before the alfalls/mint (peppermint and spearmint tops) canopy covers the grasses and interferes with the spray coverage. Some annual grasses are spring- and summer-germinating plants, while others are fall-germinating plants, and the time they are actively growing and most susceptible to Tigris PS Clethodim may vary from region to region. Also some annuals germinate over an extended period of time, and because control of small grasses is desired, applications after each weed flush may be required. As a general rule spray spring- and summer-germinating grasses arely in the season as possible, after initial green-up. Spray fall-germinating queeds in the falls oon after they begin graving but before any damage is done due to frost. Late fall applications may be less effective due to environmental conditions, including first, slower plant growth, or the const of flowering.

Perennial Grasse Control: Tigris PS Clethodim effectively controls perennial grasses including Bermudagrass, Johnsongrass, quackgrass, wirestem muhhy, tall fescue, faxtail barley and orchardgrass. Due in part to lack of tillage, perennial grasses are more difficult to control in a perennial crap including established alfalfa or mint (peppermint or spearmint tops). A program of repeated applications is usually necessary for best results. The best way to control perennial grasses is to do so in the year of stand establishment before rhizomes and stalons become large and difficult to kill.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at or near maximum height.

Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt/A by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt/A) to the finished spray volume by air.

DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL WITH TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM					
GRASS SPECIES WEED STAGE RATE FL. 0.Z./ACRE HIGH RATE FL. 0.Z./ACRE					
Annual Bluegrass ( <i>Poa annua</i> )	to 4-leaf	6*	16		
		(0.094 lb. a.i.)	(0.25 lb. a.i.)		
Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity, which exists within a few days after rainfall or within 7 days after irrigation. Grass needs to be actively growing at time of application(s).     Apply at weed stage indicated on the label, as reduced control can be expected with more mature annual bluegrass.     Use the high rate under hewy grass pressure and/or when annual bluegrass is more mature.     Aways add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qL/A by grown to the finished spray volume.     Tube aminimum of 10 flaz, AL(ADS to AL(A)) to annual bluegrass in seedlina.					

FOR USE IN ROUNDUP READY FIELD CORN (BURNDOWN)				
GRASS SPECIES	WEED SIZE (Inches)	Rate when applied alone or with glyphosate		
Field Corn	Up to 12	3 fl. oz./A (0.047 lb. a.i.)		
For control of existing stand of Roundup Ready field corn or volunteer Roundup Ready field corn prior to replanting corn.     Care must be taken to avoid in-field boom (spray) overlaps or excessive crop injury may occur.     Replant no sooner than 6 days after application.				

• Adjuvant directions: NIS at 0.25% v/v plus AMS at 2.5 to 4 lbs./A.

• DO NOT use COC or MSO with Tigris PS Clethodim in this use pattern.

**Restrictions:** 

• DO NOT apply more than 3 fl. oz./A (0.05 lb. a.i./A) per application.

• DO NOT apply more than 12 fl. oz./A (0.19 lb. a.i./A) per year.

• DO NOT apply more than 4 applications per year.

• For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES IN CANOLA, DRIED SHELLED BEAN & PEA (INCLUDING SOYBEAN), EDIBLE PODDED LEGUME VEGETABLES, FLAX, MUSTARD SEED, SUCCULENT BEAN & PEA, AND SUGAR BEET (REDUCED RATE INDERTIONS NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORMA.)

• Apply only to actively growing grasses at specified weed heights.

· Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the specified growth stage for treatment.

· Regrowth by tillering may occur if application is made when plants are stressed by lack of moisture, excessive moisture, low or high temperatures and/or under very low humidity.

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT (Inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE(1)
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	1 to 4	4
			(0.0625 lb. a.i.)
BroadleafSignalgrass	Brachiaria platyphylla	1 to 4	5
			(0.078 lb. a.i.)
Crabgrass			
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	1 to 3*	4
			(0.0625 lb. a.i.)
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	1 to 4*	5
			(0.078 lb. a.i.)
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	1 to 3*	4
			(0.0625 lb. a.i.)
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	1 to 4*	5
			(0.078 lb. a.i.)
Southern	Digitaria ciliaris	1 to 4*	5
			(0.078 lb. a.i.)
Fall Panicum	Panicum dichotomiflorum	1 to 4	4
			(0.0625 lb. a.i.)

\* Length of lateral growth

(1) Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt/A by ground application to the finished spray volume.

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT (Inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE(1)
Foxtail			
Giant	Setaria faberi	1 to 4	4 (0.0625 lb. a.i.)
Green	Setaria viridis	1 to 4	4 (0.0625 lb. a.i.)
Millet	Setaria italic	1 to 4	5 (0.078 lb. a.i.)
Yellow	Setaria glauca	1 to 4	4 (0.0625 lb. a.i.)
Seedling Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense	1 to 6	5 (0.078 lb. a.i.)
Shattercane	Sorghum bicolor	4 to 10	4 (0.0625 lb. a.i.)
Texas Panicum	Panicum texanum	1 to 4	5 (0.078 lb. a.i.)
Volunteer Cereals			
Barley	Hordeum vulgare	1 to 4	5 (0.078 lb. a.i.)
Oats	Avena sativa	1 to 4	5 (0.078 lb. a.i.)
Wheat	Triticum aestivum	1 to 4	5 (0.078 lb. a.i.)
Volunteer Corn**	Zea mays	4 to 12	4 (0.0625 lb. a.i.)
Wild Proso Millet	Panicum miliaceum	1 to 6	4 (0.0625 lb. a.i.)
Wild Oats	Avena fatua	1 to 4	5 (0.078 lb. a.i.)

\*\* Not S.R. Corn
 (1) Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt /A by ground application to the finished spray volume.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at specified weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the specified growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

# Restrictions:

- DO NOT exceed the maximum rate per application listed in the table CROP SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS FOR TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM.
- DO NOT exceed the maximum number of applications per year listed in the table CROP SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS FOR TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM.
- DO NOT exceed the maximum yearly rate listed in the table CROP SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS FOR TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM.
- For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.

GRASS SPECIES	WEED HEIGHT (Inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE FL. OZ./ACRE
Bermudagrass (Cynodon dactylon)			
First Application	3 (or up to 6″ runners)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	3 (or up to 6 <sup>er</sup> runners)	(U.125 lb. a.i.) 8	(0.25 lb. a.i.)
kepeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	3 (or up to 6 runners)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.25 lb. a.i.)
Fescue, Tall ( <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> )			
First Application	4 to 8	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
		1	
Foxtail Barley (Hordeum jubatum)			
First Application	2 to 6	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	2 to 6	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Orchardgrass ( <i>Dactylis glomerata</i> ) First Application	4 to 8	8	16
rist Application	4108	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	10 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Quackgrass* ( <i>Elytrigia repens</i> )			
First Application	4 to 12	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 12	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
		(0.120 10. 0.1.)	(0.2010.0.1.)
Rhizome Johnsongrass (Sorghum halepense)			
First Application	12 to 24	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	6 to 18	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
		· · ·	
Wirestem Muhly (Muhlenbergia frondosa)			
First Application	4 to 8	8 (0.125 lb. α.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)

\*Control of quackgrass, perennial bluegrass and bentgrass with Tigris PS Clethodim may be enhanced by adding AMS at 2.5 to 4 lbs./A.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES (cont'd)

GRASS SPECIES	WEED HEIGHT (Inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE FL. OZ./ACRE
Perennial Bluegrass*			
Roughstalk ( <i>Poa trivialis</i> )			
Kentucky (Poa pratensis)			
First Application	2 to 4	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	2 to 4	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Bentgrass* ( <i>Agrostis</i> spp.)			
First Application	2 to 4	-	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	2 to 4	-	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)

\*Control of quackgrass, perennial bluegrass and bentgrass with Tigris PS Clethodim may be enhanced by adding AMS at 2.5 to 4 lbs./A.

#### TANK MIXES INFORMATION

The labels for each of the herbicides directed for tank mixing with Tigris PS Clethodim are unique to the characteristics of those products and contain restrictions and limitations that may be more restrictive than the Tigris PS Clethodim label in certain considerations.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixing.

Those concerns may include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Geographic restrictions all products are not registered for use in all areas and rates may vary from one region of labeled use to another;
- 2. Crop rotation restrictions;
- 3. Applicator certification requirements;
- 4. Worker safety rules (including protective clothing, reentry time, posting);
- 5. Soil type or soil characteristics (including pH, OM);
- 6. Maximum dosage or number of applications per year;
- 7. Rain free period required; or
- 8. Application timing (including pre-harvest interval).
- 9. DO NOT exceed the total year rates.

#### THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LABELING OF ANY PRODUCT USED IN A TANK MIX MUST BE FOLLOWED.

#### TANK MIX APPLICATION OF TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM AND BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASSES AND BROADLEAF WEEDS

- · Apply only to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds at specified height or growth stage listed on each label.
- · Apply when the first grass or broadleaf weed species in a mixed population reaches the specified height or growth stage for treatment.
- · Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity that exist a few days after rainfall or within 7 days after irrigation.
- · Always add the appropriate adjuvant to the spray mix at the rate specified for each specific tank mix combination.
- Tank mix applications may sometimes result in reduced grass control and possible increases in crop injury as compared to either product used alone. If regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second
  application of Tigris PS Clethodim, as specified in the respective size and rate tables.
- DO NOT tank mix Tigris PS Clethodim when broadleaf weeds are tall and/or dense enough to prevent proper grass coverage.

#### MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Fill clean spray tank 1/2 to 2/3 of desired level with clean water.
- 2. While agitating, add the correct amount of Tigris PS Clethodim. Agitation must create a rippling or rolling action on the water surface.
- If tank mixing Tigris PS Clethodim with other labeled herbicides, add water soluble bags first, followed by dry formulations, flowables, emulsifiable concentrates, and then solutions. Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate spray operation.
- 4. Add any required adjuvants (crop oil concentrate, non-ionic surfactant and/or nitrogen solution).
- 5. Fill spray tank to desired level with water. Agitation must continue until all spray solution has been applied.

Failure to agitate the spray solution may result in improper mixing of the herbicides and unsatisfactory weed control. Mixing and compatibility qualities must be verified by a jar test.

#### INFORMATION ON ANTAGONISM

Tank mixes of Tigris PS Clethodim with post-emergence broadleaf herbicides have shown some reduction or failure to control certain grass species which would have otherwise been controlled when Tigris PS Clethodim is applied alone. Activity of the post-emergence broadleaf herbicide in the tank mix is not affected.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR ALFALFA

#### Table 1. TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR ALFALFA (Refer to tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT(2)	APPLICATION	N RATES/ACRE(1) CROP OIL CONCENTR		TRATE(3) (V/V)
PRODUCITA	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Tigris PS Clethodim +	odim 10 to 16 fl. oz. 10 to 16 fl. oz. (0.156-0.25 lb. o.i.) (0.156-0.25 lb. o.i.)			
Dimethylamine 4-{2,4-dichlorophenoxy) butyrate (4)	+ Refer to Dimethylamine 4-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy) butyrate label for use rate.	+ Refer to Dimethylamine 4-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy) butyrate label for use rate.	1%	1%
<b>Tigris PS Clethodim</b> + imazethapyr(5)	+ (0.156-0.25 lb. a.i.)		1%	1%
Tigris PS Clethodim         10 to 16 fl. oz.           +         (0.156-0.25 lb. a.i.)           stromoxynil(6)(7)         +           Refer to bromoxynil label for use rate.         -		-	0.5%	0.5%

(1) If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tigris PS Clethodim alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate directions.

(2) Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not advised in these situations.

(3) Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

(4) Tigris PS Clethodim plus Dimethylamine 4-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy) butyrate may increase the severity of crop injury when tank mixed. Alfalfa plants will generally outgrow this temporary crop injury within a few weeks.

(5) Before using this tank mix, read and understand the imazethapyr labels for geographical restrictions and restrictions regarding alfalfa growth stage and type. Failure to do so can result in crop injury to alfalfa. DO NOT feed, graze, or harvestalfalfa for 30 days following an application of imazethapyr to alfalfa.

- (6) In the states of Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, Wyoming, Colorada, Utah, Nevada and the western halves of North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas: The Tigris PS Clethodim plus bromoxynil tank mix must be applied in the fall or spring to seedling alfalfa when the majority of the field has a minimum of 2 trifoliates. Unacceptable crop injury may occur to alfalfa seedlings less than the 2 trifoliate leaf stage. Tigris PS Clethodim plus bromoxynil applications made when temperatures are expected to exceed 00° rat (and 3 days following) application can result in unacceptable crop injury may occur to alfalfa seedlings less than the 2 trifoliate leaf stage. Tigris PS Clethodim plus bromoxynil applications made when temperatures are expected to exceed 00° rat (and 3 days following) applications froor leaf burn, unacceptable crop injury may occur to alfalfa in the 2 trifoliate or smaller stage of growth. Tigris PS Clethodim plus bromoxynil applications made when temperatures are expected to exceed 00° rat (and 3 days following) application can result in unacceptable crop injury. Crop leaf burn can occur following Tigris PS Clethodim plus bromoxynil applications. Worn, humid conditions may enhance leaf burn. New core go growth will not be effected.
- (7) DO NOT apply when alfalfa is under moisture, temperature, insect, or disease stress or has been stressed by other pesticide carryover or application.

# DIRECTIONS FOR CANOLA (EXCEPT FLAX)

# [Rapeseed Subgroup 20A (except flax seed, mustard seed, and sesame seed)]

# Table 2. REDUCED RATE TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR CANOLA (Refer to the tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ANNUAL GRASSES(1) PERENNIAL GRASSES		AMMONIUM SULFATE	
PRODUCI			GROUND	AIR
Tigris PS Clethodim <sup>(2)</sup> + glufosinate <sup>(3)</sup>	4 to 5 fl. oz. (0.063-0.078 lb. a.i.) + Refer to glufosinate label for use rate.	-	3.0 lbs.	3.0 lbs.

(1) Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.

(2) DO NOT apply Tigris PS Clethodim tank mix during or after bolting or flowering or crop injury may occur.

(3) For use only on LibertyLink® canola.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR COTTON**

#### Table 3. TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM TANK MIXED WITH LACTOFEN AND MSMA APPLIED POST DIRECTED TO COTTON

PRODUCT(1)	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE(2)		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE(3) V/V	COMMENTS
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	
Tigris PS Clethodim <sup>(4)</sup>	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	Reduce broadcast rate in proportion to the band area actually treated.		
lactofen + MSMA	See lactofen label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton. Refer to the <b>Tigris PS Clethodim</b> label for weed height and species controlled.			
(4 lbs./gal.) or MSMA (6.6 lbs./gal.)	See MSNA label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton. Refer to the <b>Tigris PS Clethodim</b> label for weed height and species controlled.			

🚯 Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not advised in these situations.

- (2) If grass regrow th occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tigris PS Clethodim alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate directions.
- (3) Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.
- (4) If at the time of application, grass height is so tall that post-directed applications cannot get good coverage over the top of the grassy weeds, then poor control may result and a second (non-post directed) application of Tigris PS Clethodim may be necessary.

# Table 4. TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM TANK MIXED WITH BROMOXYNIL TO CONTROL EMERGED WEEDS IN BXN COTTON AS A BROADCAST APPLICATION

PRODUCT(1)	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE(2)	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE	COMMENTS(7)	
PRODUCTO	ANNUAL GRASSES	PER ACRE(3)		
Tigris PS Clethodim	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1 qt.	See charts for grasses controlled.	
+	(0.125-0.25 lb. a.i.)			
bromoxynil(4,5,6)	+			
	See bromoxynil label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height			
	limitations for cotton.			

(1) Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage.

(2) If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tigris PS Clethodim at the specified rate with the appropriate amount of crop oil concentrate in a non-bromoxynil tank mix.

(3) Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt/A by ground in the finished spray solution.

(4) Applications of bromoxynil can be made only to cotton that has been genetically modified for crop resistance to post-emergence over-the-top application of bromoxynil.

(5) DO NOT apply the Tigris PS Clethodim plus bromoxynil tank mix within 75 days of harvest.

(6) DO NOT exceed 2 applications of bromoxynil before cotton is 12 inches tall and 1 application after 12 inches tall.

(7) Use a minimum of 10 gals. of spray solution per acre.

# Table 5. TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM TANK MIXED WITH GLYPHOSATE TO CONTROL EMERGED GRASSES IN COTTON AS A BROADCAST APPLICATION

	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE(1)		ADJUVANT		
PRODUCT	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	Glyphosate formulation <b>with</b> built in adjuvant	Glyphosate formulation <b>without</b> built in adjuvant	COMMENTS
Tigris PS Clethodim +	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	8 to 16 fl. oz. (0.125-0.25 lb. a.i.)	Non-ionic surfactant @ 0.125 to 0.25%	Crop oil concentrate @1pt./A plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to	See charts for grasses controlled. Use a minimum of 10 gals. of spray
glyphosate	See glyphosate label for rates to control limitations for cotton.	l broadleaf weeds and height	v/v plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier	17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier	solution per acre.

(0) If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tigris PS Clethodim at the specified rate with the appropriate amount of crop oil concentrate.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR DRY SHELLED AND SUCCULENT BEANS [Succulent Shelled Pea and Beans Subgroup 6B] [Dried Shelled Pea and Bean (except Soybean 6C)]

#### Table 6. TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR DRY SHELLED AND SUCCULENT BEANS (Refer to the tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT(2)	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE <sup>(1)</sup> ANNUAL GRASSES PERENNIAL GRASSES		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE(3) (V/V)	
			GROUND	AIR
Tigris PS Clethodim	8 to 10 fl. oz.	10 to 16 fl. oz.		
+	(0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.)	(0.156-0.25 lb. a.i.)	19/	19/
bentazon	+	+	1/0	1/0
benazon	Refer to bentazon label for use rate.	Refer to bentazon label for use rate.		

(1) If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tigris PS Clethodim alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate directions.

Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not advised in these situations.
 Always use a crap oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt/A) in the finished spray volume.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR FLAX

#### Table 7. REDUCED RATE TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM TANK MIXED WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR FLAX (Refer to the tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT	APPLICATION	RATES/ACRE	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE	
PRODUCI	ANNUAL GRASSES(1)	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Tigris PS Clethodim	4 to 5 fl. oz.			
+	(0.063-0.078 lb. α.i.)	-	1	1
MCPA and bromoxynil octanoate and bromoxynil heptanoate	+		1pt.	1pt.
	Refer to product label for use rate.			
Tigris PS Clethodim	4 to 5 fl. oz.			
+	(0.063-0.078 lb. a.i.)	-	1pt.	1pt.
bromoxynil(2,3)	+		ihr	i pc.
	Refer to bromoxynil label for use rate.			
Tigris PS Clethodim	4 to 5 fl. oz.			
+	(0.063-0.078 lb. a.i.)	-	1pt.	1pt.
MCPA ester(2,3)	+		ihr ihr	i pr
	Refer to MCPA ester label for use rate.			

(1) Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.

(2) DO NOT apply Tigris PS Clethodim tank mix during or after the bud stage or to ornamental flax or crop injury may occur.

(3) DO NOT apply tank mixes if temperatures are expected to exceed 85°F at (or 3 days following) application or crop injury may occur.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR SOYBEAN

# Table 8. TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM TANK MIXES<sup>(3)</sup> TO CONTROL ANNUAL GRASSES WHEN USED AS A BURNDOWN IN NO-TILL SOYBEAN

PRODUCT	PRODUCT RATE/ACRE(1)	GRASS HEIGHT (Inches)	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE /ACRE(2)	28%N <i>OR</i> 32%N QTS./A <i>OR</i> 2.5 TO 4.0 LBS. AMS
Tigris PS Clethodim	3 fl. oz.	Foxtail 1 to 3	lqt.	1 to 2 qts.
+	(0.047 lb. a.i.)	Fall Panicum 1 to 3		or
2.4-D ester*(3)				2.5 to 4 lbs. AMS
2,1 5 6561 11	4 fl. oz.	Foxtail 1 to 4	lqt.	1 to 2 qts.
	(0.063 lb. a.i.)	Fall Panicum 1 to 4		or
				2.5 to 4 lbs. AMS
	6 to 8 fl. oz.	(See Grass Chart for grasses claimed.)	lqt.	1 to 2 qts.
	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)			or
	+			2.5 to 4 lbs. AMS
í .	Refer to 2,4-D ester label for use rate.			

\* 2,4-D ester must not be used where drift sensitive crops may be grown.

(1) If regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tigris PS Clethodim according to the appropriate size and rate directions.

(2) Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate in the finished spray volume.

(3) The following products can be tank mixed with Tigris PS Clethodim plus 2,4-D ester: flumioxazin, chlorimuron-ethyl + sulfentrazone, metolachlor, s-metolachlor, pendimethalin, metribuzin, metribuzin plus the metolachlor/smetolachlor products, and glyphosate.

# Table 9. TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEAN

(Refer to the tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT(2)	APPLICATION RAT	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE <sup>(3)</sup> (V/V)			
PRODUCI(2)	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR	
Tigris PS Clethodim	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	0.5 to 1%	1%	
+	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.125-0.25 lb. a.i.)			
lactofen	+	+			
	Refer to the lactofen label for use rate.	Refer to the lactofen label for use rate.			
Tigris PS Clethodim	8 to 10 fl. oz.	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	1%	
+	(0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.)	(0.156-0.25 lb. a.i.)			
bentazon	+	+			
	Refer to the bentazon label for use rate.	Refer to the bentazon label for use rate.			
Tigris PS Clethodim	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	0.5 to 1%(4)	1%(4)	
+	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.125-0.25 lb. a.i.)			
glyphosate (For use on Roundup Ready	+	+			
soybean only.)	Refer to the glyphosate label for use rate.	Refer to the glyphosate label for use rate.			
Tigris PS Clethodim 6 to 8 fl. oz.		6 to 8 fl. oz.	0.5% to 1%	1%	
+	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)			
acifluorfen	+	+			
	Refer to the acifluorfen label for use rate.	Refer to the acifluorfen label for use rate.			
Tigris PS Clethodim	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	1%	
+	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.125-0.25 lb. a.i.)			
fomesafen(6)	+	+			
	Refer to the formesafen label for use rates.	Refer to the formesafen label for use rates.	401		
Tigris PS Clethodim	8 to 10 fl. oz.	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	1%	
+	(0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.)	(0.156-0.25 lb. a.i.)			
chlorimuron-ethyl	+ Refer to the chlorimuron-ethyl label for use rates.	* Refer to the chlorimuron-ethyl label for use rates.			
Tigris PS Clethodim <sup>(5)</sup>	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	1%	
ligris PS cietnoaim(3)	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.125-0.25 lb. a.i.)	176	170	
imazethapyr	(0.074=0.123 10: 0.1.)	(0.123=0.23 10. 0.1.)			
muzenupyi	Refer to the imazethapyr label for use rates.	Refer to the imazethapyr label for use rates.			
Tigris PS Clethodim <sup>(5)</sup>	8 to 10 fl. oz.	Refer to the infuzectupy fuber for ose futes.	0.5%	1%	
+	(0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.)	_	0.0 %	170	
lactofen	+				
+	Refer to the lactofen label for use rates.				
chlorimuron-ethyl	+				
	Refer to the chlorimuron-ethyl label for use rates.				
Tigris PS Clethodim <sup>(5)</sup>	8 to 10 fl. oz.		0.5%	1%	
+	(0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.)	-			
lactofen	+				
+	Refer to the lactofen label for use rates.				
bentazon	+				
	Refer to the bentazon label for use rates.				

(1) If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tigris PS Clethodim alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate directions.

(1) Broadled weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not advised in these situations. (3) Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt/A) in the finished spray volume.

(4) The addition of 25 lbs/A of ammonium sulfate is required when Tigris PS Clethodim is tank mixed with glyphosate. If the glyphosate formulation has a stand-alone built in adjuvant, add 0.125% v/v non-ionic surfactant in place of crop oil concentrate. If the glyphosate formulation does not have a built in adjuvant, add 0.5 to 1% crop oil concentrate for ground application and 1% v/v for aerial application.

(5) The addition of It 0 2 qts/A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28% A) a divised when Tigris PS Clethodim is tank mixed with imazethapyr, flumiclorac, bentazon and acilluorfen, cloransulam-methyl, thifensulfuron and chlorimuronethyl, imazamax, cloransulam-methyl and flumetsulam, lactofen plus chlorimuron-ethyl, and lactofen plus imazamax. An equivalent amount (25 to 4 lbs/A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added in place of liquid fertilizer adjuvants are to be added in addition to the crop oil concentrate.

(continued)

#### Table 9. TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEAN (cont'd) (Refer to the tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT(2)	APPLICATION RA		CROP OIL CONCENTRA	TE(3) (V/V)
PRODUCI(2)	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Tigris PS Clethodim <sup>(5)</sup>	8 to 10 fl. oz.		0.5%	1%
+	(0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.)	-		
lactofen	+			
+	Refer to the lactofen label for use rates.			
imazethapyr	+			
	Refer to the imazethapyr label for use rates.			
Tigris PS Clethodim <sup>(5)</sup>	8 to 10 fl. oz.		1%	1%
+	(0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.)	-		
flumiclorac	+			
+	Refer to the flumiclorac label for use rates.			
imazethapyr	+			
	Refer to the imazethapyr label for use rates.			
Tigris PS Clethodim <sup>(5)</sup>	8 to 10 fl. oz.		1%	1%
+	(0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.)	-		
flumiclorac	+			
+	Refer to the flumiclorac label for use rates.			
bentazon	+			
	Refer to the bentazon label for use rates.			
Tigris PS Clethodim <sup>(5)</sup>	8 to 10 fl. oz.		1%	1%
+	(0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.)	-		
flumiclorac	+			
+	Refer to the flumiclorac label for use rates.			
chlorimuron-ethyl	+			
	Refer to the chlorimuron-ethyl label for use rates.			
Tigris PS Clethodim <sup>(5)</sup>	6 to 8 fl. oz.		0.5%	1%
+	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	-		
lactofen	+			
+	Refer to the lactofen label for use rates.			
flumiclorac	+			
	Refer to the flumiclorac label for use rates.			
Tigris PS Clethodim <sup>(5)</sup>	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	-
+	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.125-0.25 lb. a.i.)		
cloransulam-methyl	+	+		
	Refer to the cloransulam-methyl label for use rates.	Refer to the cloransulam-methyl label for use rates.		
Tigris PS Clethodim <sup>(5)</sup>	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	-
+	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.125-0.25 lb. a.i.)		
lactofen	+	+		
+	Refer to the lactofen label for use rates.	Refer to the lactofen label for use rates.		
cloransulam-methyl	+	+		
•	Refer to the cloransulam-methyl label for use rates.	Refer to the cloransulam-methyl label for use rates.		
Tigris PS Clethodim <sup>(5)</sup>	6 to 8 fl. oz.		1%	-
+	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	-		
imazamox	+			
	Refer to the imazamox label for use rates.			1

If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tigris PS Clethodim alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate directions.
 Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not advised in these situations.
 Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1pt/A) in the finished spray volume.

(5) The addition of 1 to 2 qts:/A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%), or 32%) is advised when Tigris S Clethodim is tank mixed with imazethapyr, flumiclorac, bentazon and acilloorfen, cloransulam-methyl, hifensulfuron and chlorimuronethyl, imazamox, cloransulam-methyl and flumetsulam, lactofen plus chlorimuron-ethyl, actofen plus imazethapyr, flumiclorac, bentazon and acilloorfen, cloransulam-methyl, lactofen plus thifensulfuron and chlorimuron-ethyl, and lactofen plus imazamox. An equivalent amount (25 to 4 lbs:/A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added in place of liquid fertilizer Fertilizer adjuvants are to be added in addition to the crop oil concentrate.

(continued)

#### Table 9. TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEAN (cont'd) (Refer to the tables above for specific grasses and growth stagges.)

PRODUCT(2)	APPLICATION RATE	ES/ACRE(1)	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE(3) (V/V)		
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR	
Tigris PS Clethodim <sup>(5)</sup>	6 to 8 fl. oz.		1%	-	
+	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.) -				
lactofen	+				
+	Refer to the lactofen label for use rates.				
imazamox	+				
	Refer to the imazamox label for use rates.				
Tigris PS Clethodim <sup>(5)</sup>	6 to 8 fl. oz. (7)		1 qt.	-	
+	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	-			
chlorimuron-ethyl and thifensulfuron	+				
	Refer to the chlorimuron-ethyl and thifensulfuron label				
(-)	for use rates.				
Tigris PS Clethodim <sup>(5)</sup>	6 to 8 fl. oz.(7)		1 pt.	-	
+	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	-			
lactofen	+				
+	Refer to the lactofen label for use rates.				
chlorimuron-ethyl and thifensulfuron	+				
	Refer to the chlorimuron-ethyl and thifensulfuron label				
(5)	for use rates.				
Tigris PS Clethodim <sup>(5)</sup>	6 to 8 fl. oz.		1 qt.	-	
+	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	-			
flumiclorac	+				
	Refer to the flumiclorac label for use rates.				
Tigris PS Clethodim	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	-	
+	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.125-0.25 lb. a.i.)			
cloransulam-methyl	+	+			
+	Refer to the cloransulam-methyl label for use rates.	Refer to the cloransulam-methyl label for use rates.			
fomesafen(6)	+ Refer to the fomesafen label for use rates.	+ Refer to the fomesafen label for use rates.			

0 If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tigris PS Clethodim alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate directions.

Broadled weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not advised in these situations.
 Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt/A) in the finished spray volume.

(5) The addition of to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%), or 52%) is advised when Tigris PS Clethodim is tank mixed with imazethapy; flumiclorors, bentazon and acilluorlen, doransulam-methyl, thifensulfuron and chlorimuronethyl. imazethapy: a clorensulam-methyl and flumesulam, lactofen alus, shifensulfuron and chlorimuron-ethyl.

and lactofen plus imazamax. An equivalent amount (25 to 4 lbs./ A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added in place of liquid fertilizer. Fertilizer adjuvants are to be added in addition to the crop oil concentrate.

(6) Refer to the fomesafen label for geographic and rotational restrictions.

(7) Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixes are those that are identified in the DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.

Table 10. REDUCED RATE TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEAN (Refer to table for reduced rate use in canola, dry shelled bean & pea, edible podded legume vegetables, flax, mustard seed, soybean, succulent bean & pea and sugar beet for small annual grasses for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATI	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE <sup>(1)</sup>		(RATE(3,4) (V/V)
PRODUCI	ANNUAL GRASSES(2)	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Tigris PS Clethodim			1%	1%
+	(0.063-0.125 lb. a.i.)	-		
cloransulam-methyl	+			
	Refer to the cloransulam-methyl label for			
	use rates.			
Tigris PS Clethodim	4 to 6 fl. oz.		1%	1%
+	(0.063-0.094 lb. a.i.)	-		
imazethapyr	+			
maccuapy	Refer to the imazethapyr label for use rates.			

0 If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tigris PS Clethodim alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate directions.

(2) Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.

(3) Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt/A) in the finished spray volume.

(4) The addition of 1 to 2qts/A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%M) or 32%M) is required when Tigris PS Clethodim is tank mixed at reduced rates. An equivalent amount (25 to 4 lbs/A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added in place of liquid fertilizer. Fertilizer adjuvants are to be added in addition to the crop oil concentrate.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR PEANUT (INCLUDING PERENNIAL)

#### Table 11. TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR PEANUT (INCLUDING PERENNIAL) (Refer to the tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT(2)	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE(1)		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE(3) (V/V)	
PRODUCI	ANNUAL GRASSES(2)	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Tigris PS Clethodim	8 to 10 fl. oz.		1%	1%
+	(0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.)	-		
bentazon	+			
	Refer to the bentazon label for use rates.			
Tigris PS Clethodim	8 to 10 fl. oz.		1%	1%
+	(0.125-0.156 lb. a.i.)	-		
acifluorfen	+			
demotricit	Refer to the acifluorfen label for use rates.			

(1) If grass regrow th occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tigris PS Clethodim alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate directions.

Broadled weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not advised in these situations.
 Always use a crap oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt/A) in the finished spray volume.

GRASS SUPPRESSION FOR HARVEST EFFICIENCY IN PEANUT (INCLUDING PERENNIAL) WITH TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM						
GRASS SPECIES WEED STAGE RATE FL. OZ./ACRE HIGH RATE FL. OZ./ACRE						
Annual and perennial grasses that exceed height claimed for control on height charts "ANNUAL GRASSES"	Up to and including grasses in the seed head stage.	16	32			
and "PERENNIAL GRASSES"		(0.25 lb. a.i.)	(0.5 lb. a.i.)			
DO NOT apply as part of a tank mix when applying Tigris PS Clethodim for grass suppression.						
Add a crop oil concentrate at 1 gt./A by ground to the finished spray volume.						

#### DIRECTIONS FOR SUGAR BEET

# Table 12. TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM TANK MIXED WITH CLOPYRALID APPLIED TO SUGAR BEET

# (Refer to the tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT(2)	APPLICATION R	ATES/ACRE(1)	CROP OIL CONCE	NTRATE(3) (V/V)
ANNUAL GRASSES		PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Tigris PS Clethodim	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	1%
+	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.125-0.25 lb. a.i.)		
clopyralid	See the clopyralid label for rates.			

(1) If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tigris PS Clethodim alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate directions.

Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not advised in these situations.
 Always use a crap oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt/A) in the finished spray volume.

# Table 13. TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM TANK MIXED WITH DESMEDIPHAM + PHENMEDIPHAM OR DESMEDIPHAM APPLIED TO SUGAR BEET

PRODUCT(1)	WEEDS	CONTROLLED	WEED HEIGHT (Inches)	APPLICATION RATE/ACRE(2)
PRODUCINI	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT (Inches)	APPLICATION RATE/ACKE(2)
Tigris PS Clethodim <sup>(3)</sup>	Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	1 to 3	8 fl. oz.
+	Foxtail	Setaria spp.	1 to 3	(0.125 lb. a.i.)
desmedipham + phenmedipham	Foxtail Millet	Setaria italic	1 to 3	
or	Wild Oat	Avena fatua	1 to 3	
desmedipham	Wild Proso Millet	Panicum miliaceum	1 to 3	
			See desmedipham + phenmed	lipham label for rates to control broadleaf weeds. <b>No</b>
			additives are advised in the tank mix.	
			See desmedipham label for rates to control broadleaf weeds. No additives are adv	
			in the tank mix.	

🚯 Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not advised in these situations.

(2) DO NOT use crop oil concentrate. No additives are advised in the tank mix. If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tigris PS Clethodim alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate directions.

(3) If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tigris PS Clethodim at full label rate with appropriate rate of crop oil concentrate.

#### Table 14. TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM PLUS DESMEDIPHAM + PHENMEDIPHAM OR DESMEDIPHAM TANK MIX FOR 3 SEQUENTIAL APPLICATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASS CONTROL (MICRO-RATE APPLICATION) IN SUGAR BEET

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE(1)		METHYLATED SEED OIL(2) (V/V)		
PRODUCT	ANNUAL GRASSES	GRASSES CONTROLLED (Inches)	GROUND	AIR	
Tigris PS Clethodim	2 to 3 fl. oz.	Green Foxtail (1-2)	1.5%	1.5%	
+	(0.031-0.047 lb. a.i.)	Yellow Foxtail (1-2)			
desmedipham + phenmedipham	+	Barnyardgrass (1-2)			
or	Refer to product labels for use rates.	Wild Oat (1-2)			
desmedipham		Volunteer Cereals (1-2)			

(1) Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not advised in these situations.
(2) Always use a methylated seed oil at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt/A) in the finished spray volume.

# Directions for Use for Micro-Rate Applications to Sugar Beet

# Application Information

Multiple micro-rate applications of **Tigris PS Clethodim** in tank mixtures with reduced rates of desmedipham + phenmedipham or desmedipham and methylated seed oils may be applied by air or ground equipment to sugar beet to control early germinating annual grasses listed above. The rate of desmedipham + phenmedipham not edsmedipham must nat exceed 0.12 lb. a.1/A (broadcast application) when in combination with these spray adjuvants. Nate that maximum rate allowed varies depending on crop growth stage. The use of wetting agents or spray adjuvants with conventional trats (0.73 to 1.22 lbs. a.1/A) or multiple low rate (0.24 to 0.73 lb. a.1/A) applications of desmedipham + phenmedipham or desmedipham tarts (0.73 to 1.22 lbs. a.1/A) or multiple low rate (0.24 to 0.73 lb. a.1/A) applications of desmedipham + phenmedipham or desmedipham tarts (0.73 to 1.22 lbs. a.1/A) or multiple low rate (0.24 to 0.73 lb. a.1/A) applications of desmedipham + phenmedipham or desmedipham moster label. Fravorable climatic conditions (good conditions for plant growth and development) are essential for adequate weed control. All use precutions and restrictions on the desmedipham or desmedipham moster labels must be followed.

# Directions for Using Micro-Rate Multiple Applications of Tigris PS Clethodim Tank Mixes

Apply Tigris PS Clethodim in broadcast applications only at a rate of 2 to 3 fl. oz./A (0.031-0.047 lb. a.i/A) in tank mixture with either desmedipham + phenmedipham or desmedipham following the directions for use on the tank mix partner lobel. A minimum of 3 sequential applications of 2 fl. oz./A (0.031-0.047 lb. a.i/A) in tank mixtures (A (0.047 lb. a.i/A) must be utilized for Tigris PS Clethodim tank mixtures. A minimum of 3 sequential applications of desmedipham + phenmedipham or desmedipham must be used. Accurate timing is essential, make initial applications inmediately ofter weeds emerge, and make repeat applications on 5- to 7-doy intervals. If weed control is not adequate due to climatic conditions, sparoy coverage or other factors, return to conventional application rates of Tigris PS Clethodim. (6 to 8 fl. oz/A (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i)) and add rates of desmedipham + phenmedipham or desmedipham us directed on their label. When using conventional rates of desmedipham in tank mixtures with Tigris PS Clethodim, go you dyuvant is not dovised.

# Use Precautions for Micro-Rate Applications: (See Tigris PS Clethodim, desmedipham + phenmedipham and desmedipham master label for further use precautions.)

- Not all weeds will be adequately controlled, even with fovorable dimatic conditions. Conventional rates of Tigris PS Clethodim, desmedipham + phenmedipham or desmedipham and/or hand labor may be required if multiple micro-rate applications do not adequately control weeds. Plugging of spray nozzles may be encountered due to the potential for formation of a precipitate in the spray solution that is often associated with micro-rate applications. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Tigris, LL will not be responsible for any nozzle plugging that may occur with the use of multiple micro-rate applications. Methylated seed oils must not be added if the desmedipham + phenmedipham or desmedipham take exceeds U2L to a.1/A broadcast, as the addition of methylated seed oils could increase the possibility of crop injury of dosage rates greater than U2L to a.1/A
- Ground Application: Use of sufficient spray volumes and pressure is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 10 gals, and a maximum of 20 gals, of spray solution per acre. Spray pressures must reflect a minimum of 30 PSI and a maximum of 60 PSI at the nozale. Do NOT use flood nozzles.
- Aerial Application: Use of sufficient spray volumes is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 5 gals. and a maximum of 15 gals. of spray solution per acre.

# Table 15. TANK MIX APPLICATION OF TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM AND FUNGICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND DISEASES IN SUGAR BEET

PRODUCT(2)	APPLICATION	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE(3) (V/V)	
PRODUCIVE	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	CRUP UIL CONCENTRATE(S) (V/V)
Tigris PS Clethodim	Tigris PS Clethodim         6 to 8 fl. oz.           (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)         (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)		1%
tetraconazole	+ Refer to the tetraconazole label for use rates.	+ Refer to the tetraconazole label for use rates.	

0 1f grass regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tigris PS Clethodim alone (without a tank mix fungicide), according to the appropriate size and rate directions.

(2) Refer to Tigris PS Clethodim and fungicide label for rates and weeds and diseases controlled.

(3) Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

Table 16. TANK MIX APPLICATION OF TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM AND INSECTICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND INSECTS IN ALFALFA, COTTON, MINT (PEPPERMINT AND SPEARMINT TOPS), PEANUT (INCLUDING PERENNIAL), SOYBEAN AND SUNFLOWER

	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE(1)				CROP				
PRODUCT(2)	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE (V/V)(3)	Alfalfa(4)	Cotton	Mint*(4,5)	Peanut	Soybean	Sunflower
Tigris PS Clethodim	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%		1	1			
+	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.125-0.25 lb. a.i.)			X	X	X	x(6)	
acephate	+	+			n n	1	^	1	
	Refer to the acephate label for use rates.	Refer to the acephate label for use rates.							
Tigris PS Clethodim	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%						
+	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.125-0.25 lb. a.i.)							
fenpropathrin	+	+			Х		X		
	Refer to the fenpropathrin label for use rates.	Refer to the fenpropathrin label for							
Tigris PS Clethodim	6 to 8 fl. oz.	use rates. 8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	_					-
•	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.125-0.25 lb. a.i.)	1/0						
+	(0.074-0.125 lb. 0.1.)	(0.125-0.2510. 0.1.)							
esfenvalerate	Refer to the esfenvalerate label for use rates.	Refer to the esfenyalerate label for							"
		use rates.							
Tigris PS Clethodim	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%						1
+	(0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.125-0.25 lb. a.i.)							
lambda-cyhalothrin	+	+							
iumbuu-cynulociinii	Refer to the lambda-cyhalothrin label	Refer to the lambda-cyhalothrin label							
	for use rates.	for use rates.							
Tigris PS Clethodim	10 to 16 fl. oz.(7)	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1%						
+	(0.156-0.25 lb. a.i.)	(0.156-0.25 lb. a.i.)							
lambda-cyhalothrin	+	+		X					
	Refer to the lambda-cyhalothrin label	Refer to the lambda-cyhalothrin label							
	for use rates.	for use rates.		_					-
Tigris PS Clethodim	10 to 16 fl. oz. (7)	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1%						
+	(0.156-0.25 lb. a.i.)	(0.156-0.25 lb. a.i.)							
B-cyfluthrin	* Refer to the B-cyfluthrin label for use rates.	* Refer to the B-cyfluthrin label for the		X					
	Refer to the b-cynothini huberior ose rates.	use rates.							
Tigris PS Clethodim	10 to 16 fl. oz. (7)	10 to 16 fl, oz. (7)			1	1	1	1	1
+	(0.156-0.25 lb. a.i.)	(0.156-0.25 lb. a.i.)	1%						
+ dimethoate	+	+		Х					
dimethodte	Refer to the dimethoate label for use rates.	Refer to the dimethoate label for use rates.							
Tigris PS Clethodim	10 to 16 fl. oz.(7)	10 to 16 fl. oz.			1				1
+	(0.156-0.25 lb. a.i.)	(0.156-0.25 lb. a.i.)	1 to 2 pts. (8)						
+ chlorpyrifos	+	+		Х					
	Refer to the chlorpyrifos label for use rates.	Refer to the chlorpyrifos label for use rates.							
Tigris PS Clethodim	10 to 16 fl. oz.(7)	10 to 16 fl. oz.							
+	(0.156-0.25 lb. a.i.)	(0.156-0.25 lb. a.i.)	1%	X					
permethrin	+	+		^					
1	Refer to the permethrin label for use rates.	Refer to the permethrin label for use rates.					1		

\* Peppermint and Spearmint tops

(1) If grass regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tigris PS Clethodim alone (without a tank mix fungicide), according to the appropriate size and rate directions.

(2) Refer to Tigris PS Clethodim and fungicide label for rates and weeds and diseases controlled.

(3) Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

(4) Certain insecticides may cause temporary phytotaxic symptoms on alfalfa and mint (peppermint and spearmint top) foliage. Refer to the insecticide label for further information. It is suggested that prior to using any of these insecticides/herbicide tank mixtures, that a small area of the field be treated first and observations for crop injury be made prior to treating the whole field.

(5) The Tigris PS Clethodim rate must be 6 to 8 fl. oz/A (0.094-0125 lb. ai/A) for annual grass control in boby mint (peppermint and spearmint tops), minimum of 8 fl. oz/A (0.125 lb. ai/A) for annual grass control in established mint (peppermint and spearmint tops) and 8 to 16 fl. oz/A (0.025 lb. ai/A) for prennial grass control Cop oil concentrate must be added at the rate of 1 to 2 pts/A.

(6) Insecticide tank mix use with acephate in soybean is permitted only in a State having an approved Section 24(c) registration for acephate use in soybean.

(7) The Tigris PS Clethodim rate must be 6 to 8 fl. oz./A (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i./A) for annual grass control in seedling alfalfa.

(8) For the Tigris PS Clethodim plus chlorpyrifos tank mix, reduce the adjuvant rate down to 1 pt./A when the chlorpyrifos rate is 1 pt./A or higher.

#### Table 17. ROUNDUP READY VOLUNTEER CORN CONTROL IN ROUNDUP READY SOYBEAN WITH TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM TANK MIX

Roundup Ready Volunteer Corn Height (Inches)	Tigris PS Clethodim Rate Fl. Oz./A	Glyphosate <sup>(1)</sup> rate for formulations <b>with</b> built in adjuvant	Adjuvant
42	4 (0.063 lb. a.i.)		Non-ionic surfactant @ 0.125 to 0.25% v/v plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals./of carrier
12 to 18	5 (0.078 lb. a.i.)		
18 to 24	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)		

Roundup Ready Volunteer Corn Height (Inches)	Tigris PS Clethodim Rate Fl. Oz./A	Glyphosate <sup>(1)</sup> rate for formulations <b>without</b> built in adjuvant	Adjuvant
42	4 (0.063 lb. a.i.)	Refer to product label for use rates.	Crop oil concentrate @1 pt./A plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier
12 to 18	5 (0.078 lb. a.i.)		
18 to 24	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)		

Glyphosate formulation must be labeled for use on Roundup Ready soybean.

# THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LABELING OF ANY PRODUCT USED IN A TANK MIX MUST BE FOLLOWED.

- Apply only to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds at specified height or growth stage listed on each label.
- Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity which exist a few days after rainfall or within 7 days after irrigation.
- Tank mix applications may sometimes result in reduced grass control. If regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Tigris PS Clethodim, as specified in the respective size and rate
  tables.
- This tank mix may be applied post-emergence to ROUNDUP READY soybean up through the full flowering stage. Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, or fruit of crops, or any desirable plants and trees, other than soybean with the
  ROUNDUP READY gene as severe injury or destruction will result.

#### **Restrictions:**

- DO NOT tank mix Tigris PS Clethodim when broadleaf weeds are tall and/or dense enough to prevent proper grass coverage.
- DO NOT apply less than 60 days before harvest.
- D0 NOT allow the Tigrist's Clethodim plus R0UNDUP to mist, dring, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation as minute quantities of the tank mix can cause severe damage or destruction to the crops, plants or other areas on which
  trotement was not intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from drift of this product is greatest when winds are gusty or in access of 5 miles per hour. Even under lesser wind veloaties, avoid conditions that allow spray drift to
  occur including combinations of Spray pressure and nazel keys that will reall in fine particles (mist) that are likely to drift.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR FALLOW LAND**

Tigris PS Clethodim may be used to control annual and perennial grosses in land that has been left fallow the previous year and other non-producing agricultural areas. Apply Tigris PS Clethodim at 6 to 8 fl. oz / A (0.094–0.125 lb. a.i./A) for annual grasses and 8 to 16 fl. oz / A (0.125-0.25 lb. a.i./A) for perennial grasses. When both grass and broadleaf weeds are the target pest, Tigris PS Clethodim may be tank mixed with 2,4–D ester for broad spectrum control. When both annual and perennial grasses cocur in the same field, use a minimum of 8 fl. oz / A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) Tigris PS Clethodim rate.

#### **Product Information:**

- Use a minimum spray volume of 5 gals./A for aerial applications and 15 gals./A for ground applications.
- Apply only to actively growing grasses when the first grass reaches the specified weed height as specified by the ANNUAL and PERENNIAL GRASSES sections of this label.
- · Annual grasses that emerge after the Tigris PS Clethodim application will not be controlled, and a second application may be necessary.
- The control of perennial grasses may require more than 1 application in non-tilled areas.

#### **Restrictions:**

- DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) per application to Annual Grasses and 16 fl. oz./A (0.25 lb. a.i./A) per application to Perennial Grasses.
- DO NOT exceed 5 applications at the 6 fl. oz. (0.094 lb. a.i/A) use rate for Annual Grasses and DO NOT exceed 4 applications at the 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i/A) rate for Perennial Grasses.
- For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
- DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz./A (0.5 lb. a.i./A) per year.
- DO NOT plant any crop for 30 days after application unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.
- DO NOT apply to grasses that have tillered, formed seedheads or exceeded specified growth stage.
- DO NOT use flood jet nozzles.
- DO NOT apply to drought stressed grasses.
- DO NOT mow area for 2 weeks prior to or after the Tigris PS Clethodim application.

#### Table 18. TIGRIS PS CI FTHODIM IN TANK MIXES TO CONTROL ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL GRASSES IN FALLOW LAND

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/AC	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE(2) (V/V)		
PRODUCI	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Tigris PS Clethodim	6 to 8 fl. oz. (0.094-0.125 lb. a.i.)	8 to 16 fl. oz. (0.125-0.25 lb. a.i.)	1%	1%
2,4-D ester or dicamba	+ Refer to the 2,4-D label for use rates. or See dicamba label for use rates.			

(1) Refer to Tigris PS Clethodim label for weed height and species control. Review 2,4-D labels for crop restrictions, use rates and weeds controlled.

(2) Always use a crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil containing at least 15% emulsifier at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt / A) in the finished spray volume.

#### Table 19. TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM FOR THE CONTROL AND/OR SUPPRESSION OF TALL FESCUE IN NATIVE PRAIRIE WARM-SEASON GRASS RESTORATION PROJECTS

PRODUCT	PRODUCT RATES	GRASS WEEDS CONTROLLED/SUPPRESSED		WEED STAGES	
		COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME		
Tigris PS Clethodim	10 to 12 fl. oz./A	Tall Fescue	Festuca arundinacea	4 to 6 inches tall	
-	(0.156-0.188 lb. a.i.)			(40 to 60% green-up)	
ADJUVANT: Tigris PS Clethodim must be applied with crop oil concentrate at 1 qt/A, plus a spray grade ammonium sulfate at 25 to 4 lbs/A.					
MIXING ORDER: Thoroughly mix spray grade	e ammonium sulfate in water add Tiaris PS Clet	hodim then add crop oil concentre	te		

### SPECIAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS / RESTRICTIONS / PRECAUTIONS

Burn or mow fields a minimum of 3 weeks prior to application to remove excess crop residue. Apply in the spring, at 40 to 60% tall fescue green-up, prior to emergence of warm-season grasses, DO NOT mow grea for 2 weeks after the Tiaris PS Clethodim application.

Apply in a minimum of 15 to 20 gals. of water per acre at a spray pressure of 40 to 60 PSI at the nozzle.

Apply using flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. DO NOT use flood jet nozzles.

Apply only to fields that have warm-season arasses established for 2 years. Applications of Tiaris PS Clethodim to emerged warm-season arasses may cause injury, DO NOT apply to warm-season arasses arown for seed.

DO NOT araze treated fields or feed treated forage and or hav to livestock. DO NOT plant any crop for 30 days after application unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.

NOTE: Tiaris PS Clethodim applications are most effective if applied when average nighttime temperatures are consistently areater than or equal to 47%.

#### Table 20. TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF TALL FESCUE SEED-HEADS IN NON-PRODUCING AGRICULTURAL AREAS

PRODUCT	PRODUCT RATE	SUPPRESSION	APPLICATION TIMING		
Tigris PS Clethodim	1.5 to 2 fl. oz./A	Tall Fescue Seed-Heads ( <i>Festuca arundinacea</i> )	(50 to 90% Tall Fescue green-up)		
	(0.023-0.031 lb. a.i.)				
ADJUVANT: Tigris PS Clethodim must be applied with crop oil concentrate at 1qt/A, plus a spray grade ammonium sulfate at 25 to 4 lbs/A.					
MIXING ODDEP. The roughly mix servey and a sympanium sulfate in water, add Tigrie DS Clashedim, then add eren ail consentrate					

#### SPECIAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS / RESTRICTIONS / PRECAUTIONS

Apply at 50 to 90% tall fescue green-up.

Use the higher Tigris PS Clethodim rate if less tall feacue green matter is present.

DO NOT mow area for 2 weeks after the Tigris PS Clethodim application.

Apply in a minimum of 15 to 20 aals, of water per acre at a spray pressure of 40 to 60 PSI at the nozzle. Apply usina flat fan or hollow cone nozzles, DO NOT use flood nozzles.

2.4-D ester may be added to this tank mix for broadleaf control (see 2.4-D ester label for weeds controlled).

DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated forage and/or hay to livestock. DO NOT plant any crop for 30 days after application, unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN ORNAMENTALS

For ornamental plant uses, Tigris PS Clethodim can be used to control labeled grass weeds in greenhouses, bathhouses, shadehouses, and around outdoor ornamentals, including nurseries, parks, roadside plantings, and structure landscapes. The plants listed below have been tested for use with Tigris PS Clethodim applications. See tables with listed ornamentals (ornamental trees, ground covers, garden flowers and plants, and shrubs.

Use Rates Per Acre: 6-16 fl. oz. (0.094-0.25 lb. a.i.)

#### **Special Use Instructions**

Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).

Use of crop oil concentrate is not advised since it may injure flowers and foliage.

For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.

#### IMPORTANT

Tigris PS Clethodim successfully controls weeds in newly transplanted and established non-grassy ornamentals. Plant resistance to Tigris PS Clethodim at labeled rates has been found to be acceptable for the indicated genera and species listed below Due to wriability within species, rap growth stage, environmental conditions, and application techniques, it is advised that the user determine if herbicide can be used safely on a few plants prior to widespread application techniques, it is advised that the user determine if herbicide can be used safely on a few plants prior to widespread application. Network the selfer norther monitorustre of Tigris PS Clethodim on the label.

The following plants have shown a resistance for Tigris PS Clethodim applications:

#### **ORNAMENTAL TREES**

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Alder, Red	Alnus rubra
Ash	Fraxinus spp.
Basswood	Tilia spp.
Birch, European White	Betula pendula
Birch, River	Betula nigra
Birch, White	Betula papyrifera
Crabapple, Flowering	Malus halliana
Dogwood, Flowering	Cornus florida
Golden Chain Tree	Laburnum anagyroides
Maples	Acerspp.
Mulberry, White	Morusalba
Oaks	Quercus spp.
Olive, Wild	Elaeagnus angustifolia
Redbud, Eastern	Cercis Canadensis
Sweet Gum, American	Liquidambar styraciflua

#### GROUND COVERS

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Bugleweed, Carpet	Ajuga reptans
lvy, English	Hedera helix
Japanese Spurge	Pachysandra terminalis
Lilyturf	Liriope muscari
Moneywort	Lysimachia nummularia
Mondo Grass, White	Ophiopogon jaburan
Mondo Grass Dwarf	Ophiopogon japonicas
Periwinkle, Lesser	Vinca minor

#### GARDEN FLOWERS AND PLANTS

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Ageratum	Ageratum spp.
Alyssum*, Sweet	Lobularia maritima
Asparagus Fern	Asparagus setaceus
Bleeding Heart	Dicentra spectabilis
Cast Iron Plant	Aspidistra elatior
Chrysanthemum	Chrysanthemum spp.
Cinquefoil	Potentilla spp.
Coleus	Coleus spp.
Coralbells	Heucherasanguinea
Cranesbill	Geranium spp.
Dahlia	Dahlia spp.
Daisy, Trailing African	Osteospermum fruticosum
Daylily	Hemerocallis spp.
Dusty Miller	Senecio cineraria
Euonymus	Evonymus spp.
Gazania	Gazania spp.
Geranium, House	Pelargonium hortorum
Heather, False	Cuphea hyssopifolia
Hosta	Hosta fortunei
Iris	Irisspp.
Jasmine Tobacco	Nicotiana alata
Loosestrife	Lythrum salicaria
Marigold	Tagetes spp.
Partridgeberry	Mitchella repens
Petunia*	Petunia hybrida
Phlox	Phlox spp.
Pinks	Dianthus spp.
Portulaca	Portulaca grandiflora
Salvia	Salvia spp.
Saxifrage	Saxifrage spp.
Sedum	Sedum spp.
Selloum	Philodendron selloum
Snapdragon*	Antirrhinum majus
Sweet Flag	Acorus gramineus
Tickseed	Coreopsis grandiflora
Touch-Me-Not	Impatiens spp.
Verbena	Verbena spp.
Violet	Viola spp.
Yarrow, Common	Achillea millefolium
	Zinnia elegans

\*Slight foliage or flower speckling has been observed on these species.

SHRUBS				
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME			
Abelia	Abelia spp.			
Anise, Purple	Illicium floridanum			
Aucuba	Aucuba spp.			
Azalea*	Rhododendron spp.			
Bamboo	Bambusa spp.			
Barberry, Japanese	Berberis thunbergii			
Barberry, Magellan	Berberis buxifolia			
Bayberry	Myrica pensylvanica			
Bottlebrush	Callistemon citrinus			
Boxwood, Common	Buxus sempervirens			
Camellia, Common	Camellia japonica			
Candytuft	Iberis sempervirens			
Cleyera	Cleyera japonica			
Coralberry	Ardisia crenata			
Crape Myrtle	Lagerstroemia indica			
Coyote Brush	Baccharis pilularis			
Fig, Creeping	Ficus pumila			
Gardenia	Gardenia spp.			
Holly	lles spp.			
Honeysuckle	Lonicera spp.			
Indian Hawthorn	Raphiolepisindica			
Jasmine	Jasminum spp.			
Jasmine, Asiatic	Trachelospermum asiaticum			
Jasmine, Star	Trachelospermum jasminoides			
Juniper	Juniperus spp.			
Lantana	Lantana spp.			
Nandina* Bamboo, Heavenly	Nandinia domestica			
Oleander, Common	Nerium oleander			
Oregon Grape	Mahonia aquifolium			
Photinia	Photinia spp.			
Pittosporum	Pittosporum spp.			
Podocarpus	Podocarpus spp.			
Privet	Ligustrum spp.			
Pyracantha	Pyracantha spp.			
Rhododendron	Rhododendron spp.			
Rose	Spiraea bumalda			
Sweet Olive	Osmanthus fragrans			
Viburnum	Viburnum tinus			
Wisteria	Wisteria spp.			
Yellow Sage/Shrub Verbena	Lantana camara			

\*Slight foliage or flower speckling has been observed on these species.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES IN ORNAMENTALS

• Apply only to actively growing grasses at specified weed heights.

Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass and weed population reaches the specified growth stage for treatment.

• Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

# Restrictions:

- DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz./A (0.25 lb. a.i./A) per application.
- DO NOT make more than 4 applications per acre per year.
- DO NOT apply more than 64 fl. oz./A (1 lb. a.i./A) per year.
- For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT* (Inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE(1)	HIGH RATE FL. OZ./ACRE(2)
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crusgalli	2 to 8	8	16
			(0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.25 lb. a.i.)
Broadleaf Signalgrass	Brachiaria platyphylla	2 to 6	8	16
			(0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.25 lb. a.i.)
Brome				
California	Bromus carinatus	2 to 6	8	16
	a (		(0.125 lb. a.i.) 8	(0.25 lb. a.i.)
Cheat	Bromus secalinus	2 to 6	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. α.i.)
Downy	Bromus tectorum	2 to 6	(0.125 lb. d.l.) 8	16
Downy	biolitos tectorom	2100	(0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.25 lb. a.i.)
Ripqut	Bromus diandrus	2 to 6	8	16
nipgor	biolitos dialitaros	2100	(0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.25 lb. a.i.)
Canarygrass	Phalaris canariensis	1 to 4	8	16
			(0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.25 lb. a.i.)
Crabgrass				
Hairy	Digitaria adscendens	2 to 6**	8	16
			(0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.25 lb. a.i.)
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	2 to 6**	8	16
			(0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.25 lb. a.i.)
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	2 to 6**	8	16
		a. //ł	(0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.25 lb. a.i.)
Southern	Digitaria ciliaris	2 to 6**	8	16
0 ( )		2to 6**	(0.125 lb. a.i.) 8	(0.25 lb. a.i.) 16
Crowfootgrass	Dactyloctenium aegyptium	2 to 0	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.25 lb. a.i.)
Fall Panicum	Panicum dichotomiflorum	2 to 8	(0.12510.0.1.)	16
	Tunicom alchotomiporom	2100	(0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.25 lb. a.i.)
Field Sandbur	Cenchrus incertus	2 to 6	8	16
			(0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.25 lb. a.i.)
Foxtail				
Giant	Setaria faberi	2 to 12	8	16
			(0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.25 lb. a.i.)
Green	Setaria viridis	2 to 8	8	16
			(0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.25 lb. a.i.)
Yellow	Setaria glauca	2 to 8	8	16
-			(0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.25 lb. a.i.)
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	2 to 6**	8 (0.105 lb	16 (0.05 lb - ; )
16-6	Rottboellia cochin	25.4	(0.125 lb. a.i.) 8	(0.25 lb. a.i.) 16
Itchgrass	kottboellia cochin	2 to 6	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. α.i.)
Junglerice	Echinochloa colona	2 to 6	(0.125 lb. d.i.)	16
Juligience		2100	o (0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.25 lb. a.i.)
			(0.120 ID. 0.1.)	(0.20 10. 0.1.)

\* Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering.

\*\* Length of lateral growth.

(1) 8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) = approximately 0.2 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft.

(2) 16 fl. oz./A (0.25 lb. a.i./A) = approximately 0.4 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft.

Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).

(continued)

	GRASSES IN ORNAMENTALS (cont'd)		
		RATE FL. OZ./ACRE <sup>(1)</sup>	HIGH RATE FL. OZ./ACRE(2)
Eragrostis cilianensis	2 to 6	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Polypogon monspeliensis	1 to 4	8 (0.125 lb. gi)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Oryza sativa	1 to 3	8	16
		(U.125 ID. d.1.)	(0.25 lb. a.i.)
Lolium remotum	2 to 6	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Lolium multiflorum	2 to 6	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Sorghum halepense	4 to 10	8	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Sorghum bicolor	6 to 18	8	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Eriochloa gracilis	2 to 6	8	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
		(0.123 10. 0.1.)	(0.25 10. 0.1.)
Leptochloa panicoides	2 to 6	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Leptochloa fascicularis	2 to 6	8	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Leptochloa uninervia	2 to 6	8	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Leptochloa filiformis	2 to 6	8	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Panicum texanum	2 to 6	8	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
		(0.123 10. 0.1.)	(0.2310.0.1.)
Hordeum vulgare	2 to 6	8 (0.125 lb. g.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Avena sativa	2 to 6	8	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Secale cereale	2 to 6	8	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Triticum aestivum	2 to 6	8	16
Zea mays	4 to 12	6	(0.25 lb. a.i.) 8
Zea mays	12 to 24	8	(0.125 lb. a.i.) 16
Sorghum bicolor	8 to 12	8	(0.25 lb. a.i.) 16
Avena fatua	2 to 6	8	(0.25 lb. a.i.) 16
Panicum miliaceum	2 to 10	8	(0.25 lb. a.i.) 16
		(0.125 lb. a.i.)	(0.25 lb. a.i.)
		(0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Eriochloa villosa	2 to 8	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
	Oryza sativa         Oryza sativa         Lolium remotum         Lolium multiflorum         Sorghum halepense         Sorghum halepense         Sorghum bicolor         Eriochloa gracilis         Leptochloa panicoides         Leptochloa fascicularis         Leptochloa filformis         Panicum texanum         Kordeum vulgare         Avena sativa         Secale cereale         Triticum aestivum         Zea mays         Zea mays         Sorghum bicolor         Avena fatua         Panicum ruiliaceum         Panicum capillare	Eragrostis cilianensis2 to 6Polypagan manspeliensis1 to 4Oryza sativa1 to 3Lalium remotum2 to 6Lalium multiflorum2 to 6Sorghum halepense4 to 10Sorghum bicolar6 to 18Eriochloa gracilis2 to 6Leptachloa panicoides2 to 6Leptachloa panicoides2 to 6Leptachloa filiformis2 to 6Leptachloa filiformis2 to 6Leptachloa filiformis2 to 6Leptachloa gracitis2 to 6Panicum texanum2 to 6Korea sativa2 to 6Secale cereale2 to 6Inticum oestivum2 to 6Zea mays12 to 24Sorghum bicolar8 to 12Avena fatua2 to 6Panicum cipillare2 to 10Panicum capillare2 to 8	Eagrostis cilianencis         2 to 6         6           Polypogon manspeliensis         1 to 4         8           Oryza sativa         1 to 3         8           Oryza sativa         1 to 3         8           Issue and the second seco

\* Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering.
 \*\* Length of lateral growth.
 (1) & B fl. oz/A (0.25 lb. a.i/A) = approximately 0.2 fl. oz/1,000 sq. ft.
 (2) Io Fl. oz/A (0.25 lb. a.i/A) = approximately 0.4 fl. oz/1,000 sq. ft. Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gols (0.25% v/v).

DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL WITH TIGRIS PS CLETHODIM IN ORNAMENTALS					
GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE FL. OZ./ACRE		
Annual Bluegrass ( <i>Poa annua</i> )	to 4-leaf	6 (0.094 lb. α.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)		
Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity that exists within a few days after rainfall or with	in 7 days after irrigation. Grass needs to be actively	growing at time of application(s).			
Apply at weed stage indicated on the label, as reduced control can be expected with more mature annual bluegrass.					
Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when annual bluegrass is more mature.					
Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).					
Bot Not apply more than 16 fl. oz / A (0.25 lb. a.i./A) per application.           DO NOT make more than 4 applications at the lowest rate, 6 fl. oz (0.094 lb. a.i./A), or 2 applica           For repet applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.           DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz / A (0.5 lb. a.i./A) per year.	tions at the highest rate, 16 fl. oz. (0.25 lb. a.i./A), per	acre per year.			

# DIRECTIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at specified weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the specified growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

# Restrictions:

- DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz./A (0.25 lb. a.i./A) per application.
- DO NOT make more than 2 applications per acre per year.
- For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
- DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz./A (0.5 lb. a.i./A) per year.

GRASS SPECIES	WEED HEIGHT (Inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE(1)	HIGH RATE Fl. Oz./Acre (2)
Bermudagrass (Cynodon dactylon)			
First Application	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Quackgrass (Elytrigia repens)			
First Application	4 to 8	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Rhizome Johnsongrass ( <i>Sorghum halepense</i> )			
First Application	12 to 24	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth accurs)	6 to 18	6 (0.094 lb. a.i.)	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)
Wirestem Muhly ( <i>Muhlenbergia frondosa</i> )			
First Application	4 to 8	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8 (0.125 lb. a.i.)	16 (0.25 lb. a.i.)

8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i./A) = approximately 0.2 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft.
 16 fl. oz./A (0.25 lb. a.i./A) = approximately 0.4 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft.

Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).

# **STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment. Open dumping is prohibited.

#### PESTICIDE STORAGE:

Keep pesticide in original container. DO NOT put concentrate or dilute into food or drink containers. Store in cool, dry place. DO NOT store diluted spray.

#### PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

#### CONTAINER HANDLING:

[Nonrefillable plastic container < 5 gallons:] Nonrefillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Iriple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinstate into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinstate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinstate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning, Humed, stavo vot of smoke.

[Nonrefillable plastic container > 5 gallons:] Nonrefillable container. D0 NOT reuse or refill this container. Iriple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container () & full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth, several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank and so retore instate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incincention, or y fillowed by State and local uthorities, by burning. If burned, stary out of smoke.

[Nonrefillable metal container > 5 gallons:] Nonrefillable container. Do NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container () foll with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container and not is side and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its is idea and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the nissate into application equipment or a mix tank and roth reverse or the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the nissate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinstes for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recepting if available errocationing if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other proceedures approved by State and local authorities.

[Refilable Containers:] Refilable container. Refil this container with pesticide only. DO NOT reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refiling is the responsibility of the refile. To clean the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the refile. To clean the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the refile. To clean the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the refile. To clean the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the refile. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or resirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump instate into application equipment or instate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for respling if routidole or puncture and dispose of in a similary landfill, or punctures and dispose of in a similary landfill, or punctures and dispose of in a similary landfill.

# CONDITION OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of Tigris, LLC or Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold Tigris, LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

Tigris, LLC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warrantly does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under conditions not reasonably for seveable to or beyond the control of Seller or Tigris, LLC, and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. To THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, TIGRIS, LLC MAKES NO WARRANTES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLED WARRANT EVECTF. STATED ABOVE.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither Tigris, LLC nor Seller shall be liable for any incidental, consequential, or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. To THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE EMEMOY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LUABILITY OF TIGRIS, LLC AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAINS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAINS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LUABILITY OF OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF TIGRIS, LLC ON SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

Tigris, and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of Tiaris, LLC.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

# TIGRIS<sup>™</sup> **PS CLETHODIM**

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	By Wt.
*Clethodim	26.4%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	73.6%
TOTAL:	100.0%

Contains Petroleum Distillates

\*(E)-2-[1[(((3-chloro-2-propenyl)-oxy)imino]propyl]-5-[2-(ethylthio)propyl]-3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexen-1-one Contains 2.0 lbs. clethodim per gallon.

# **KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN** WARNING - AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	<b>FIRST AID</b>		
IF IN EYES:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.     Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue     rinsing eye.     Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.		
IF ON SKIN OR Clothing:	Take off contaminated clothing.     Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.     Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.		
IF SWALLOWED:	Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.     DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.     DO NOT give amy liquid to the person.     DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.		
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air.     If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.     Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.		
	HOTLINE NUMBERS		

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For emergency information concerning this product, call the National Pesticides Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378, Mon.-Fri. 8:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. Pacific Time or your poison control center at 1-800-222-1222.

#### NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Ingestion of this product or subsequent vomiting can result in aspiration of light hydrocarbon liquid, which can cause pneumonitis. If ingested, probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING

Causes substantial but temporary eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin. DO NOT get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. DO NOT apply where runoff is likely to occur. DO NOT apply where weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinsate.

The use of this product may pose a hazard to the federally designated endangered species of Solano Grass and Wild Rice. Use of this product is prohibited in the following areas where the species are known to exist.

- Solano Grass: Solano County, California: the vernal lakes are bounded by the Union Pacific Railroad and Hastings Road to the north, Highway 113 to the east, Highway 12 to the south, and Travis Air Force Base to the west.
- Wild Rice: Hays County, Texas.

# PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Combustible. DO NOT use or store near heat or open flame.

# STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment. Open dumping is prohibited.

#### PESTICIDE STORAGE:

Keep pesticide in original container. DO NOT put concentrate or dilute into food or drink containers. Store in cool, dry place. DO NOT store diluted spray.

# PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

# CONTAINER HANDLING:

Nonrefillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

See label booklet for complete Precautionary Statements and Directions For Use.

EPA Reg. No.: 92647-31

EPA Est. No.: 70989-M0-001 (0S) 05905-IA-001 (HD) Letter(s) in the lot number correspond to letter(s) following the EPA Est. No.

